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News

All that's new in the expanding world of 5 the Electron.

Beginners

If you think EOR is a donkey, then this month's article is for you.



Binary Search

Halve the effort of looking for things. 12

Notebook

A simple program 14



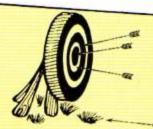
Program Probe

We POINT to the ins and outs of collision 18 detection.



Fortune Teller

Fun and fortune is predicted when you use this program. 22



Super Archer

Get right on target with our tricky archery game.

Hilo

A simple but very compelling number



Money Crazy

Quick, collect the money before the time runs out. 29

Scrapbook

The pages where Electron Users share their short, simple, fun routines 30



Merlin's Cave

Adventurers! Puzzled, lost, Puzzled, lost, frustrated? Cheer 35 up, so's Merlin.

Software Surgery

All you want to know about the latest in software from our frank reviewers.



Showtime

It's time to make a date with our first show of 1985.

Starchart

The sky at night comes to your Electron.

42

Joyplus

Now you can use most switched joystick games with your Plus 1.

Micro Messages

The pages you write yourself. A selection from our mailbag. 49

Polygons

Three dimensional rotation is made easy. 54

Odd One Out

Learning becomes fun as you try to spot the misfit.



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With its superb operating system and advanced Basic the standard Electron has long stood out from its rivals. Now, with the ready availability of the official Acorn expansions it leaves them behind. Between them the PLUS 1 and PLUS 3 turn the Electron into the most versatile and advanced micro in its league.

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world. Similarly, the cartridge slots are dual purpose, allowing future hardware expansions.

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electron WEWS

New-look Acorn attacks on four fronts

WITH its financial problems now resolved, Acorn has renewed its attack on the UK market on four fronts.

This is due to the company being restructured following a multi-million pound refinancing package which saw Olivetti take a 49.30 per cent share.

Now under the chairmanship of former British Telecom senior executive, Dr Alexander Reid, Acorn has effectively been split into four divisions – education and training, scientific and industrial, business and consumer.

"We are now more confident of success than we have been for some time", an Acorn spokesman told *Elec*tron User.

"The sky is the limit now that our financial worries are out of the way".

Meanwhile Dr Hermann Hauser and Chris Curry have taken on the roles of joint deputy chairmen with responsibility for group strategy and line responsibility for product development.

Electron not to be axed – and that is

official

A STRING of allegations that Acorn is about to axe the Electron have been strongly denied by the company.

The claims – most of which emanate from sources in the media – assert that once present stocks of the machine have been exhausted the Electron will be dropped.

"The Electron is here to stay", an official Acorn spokesman told Electron User.

"With a user base in excess of 250,000, it is now an accepted product.

"And we as a com-

pany are behind it all the way.

"The allegations have been nothing more than pure speculation based on exaggerated reports of Acorn's problems".

It was just such reports which led recently to a collapse in the share price from its 1984 peak of 193p to only 23p before Acorn itself requested a halt to share dealings.

Now Acorn intends to

strike back at its critics by launching a series of new packages this year, with the first one for the Electron.

This will be made up of an Electron, Plus One, joystick and ROM cartridge at a cost of £219.

The company has also revealed that the Plus 3 disc and ADFS are also in full production.

"We intend to show people we are committed to the future of the Electron", the official told Electron User.

"It's importance will be seen not as a stand alone computer but as a keyboard element of a serious computing system".

It was The Sunday Times which got the first few body blows in against Acorn but it was left to The Observer to subsequently attempt to put the boot into the Electron.

Quoting Chris Curry's words on the launch of the Electron that it would become "an essential part of the home", Jim Levi went on to say in The Observer:

"But it did not happen. Just 15 months later the Electron ceased production and the last few weeks have seen desperate attempts to move the unsold stocks".

An Acorn official said:
"It never ceases to amaze me how these people claim to know far more than we do who are in the company.

"Most of the press coverage we have had over this time has been pure rumour and speculation. But it is going to take some time before we are in a position to prove this to everyone's satisfaction".



Acorn strikes back: all this for £219

It's a golden birthday!

A UNIQUE gold micro valued at £5,000 is to be given away to celebrate the second birthday of *The Micro User*, sister publication to the *Electron User*.

The Micro User offers the unique home computer as the star prize in a competition in its March issue.

A leading brokerage company has already insured the gold BBC Micro for in excess of £5,000.

Unique

"But as far as we are concerned it is priceless in that it is unique", says managing editor Derek Meakin.

Within its gold plated, streamlined processor and keyboard casings can be found the BBC keyboard and motherboard, a disc interface, two 1mbyte disc drives and an 85 watt power supply unit.

The gold micro – the most fabulous prize ever to be given away by a computer magazine – has been commissioned from the Universal Communications Company, based in Bradford, West Yorkshire.

Now the undisputed leader in the field of customised casings for the BBC Micro, UCC markets its products under the Oak label.

"Our only problem now is how we are going to top this when it comes time to celebrate Electron User's birthday", says Derek Meakin.



Good deed gamesters

COMPUTER enthusiasts who played a special motor racing game at Broadway Electronics' new Bedford show-rooms helped provide youngsters at a local children's home with an Electron.

Broadway matched

donations from customers taking part to buy the machine, which was collected from manager Alan Dumbers by youngsters from Spurgeons Homes.

The officer in charge of the home, David Fairman, said: "Everyone wants to use the Electron for games or school work. It will become a very important part of our activities".

 Pictured above are Alan Dumburs and youngsters from Spurgeons Homes.

New look network wins ACORN'S new "streamlined" distribution network has already brought in orders worth more than £6 million for Electrons and BBC Micros. Micros.



The number of distributors was recently cut from 17 to six in a move which the company maintains will introduce stability into the marketplace.

Acorn's distributor network for England and Wales now comprises 3 S L. Eltec, Hugh Symons, Lightning, LVL and Micro Manage-

Computerworld re-

mains Acorn's distributor for Scotland, while CEM and Lendac will continue in Ireland.

Nearly all of Acorn's 2,000 independent dealers will now be serviced entirely by the new distributor network.

Chris Hall, Acorn's UK sales manager, said: "Independent dealers account for over half our sales, particularly in the business and education sectors.

"This new strengthened network, with its increased emphasis on support, will not only help independent outlets to compete on an equal footing with the multiples, but ensure that they can successfully handle the evolving product lines of Acorn's 1985 marketing strategy".

Acorn claims that improved margins will enable the remaining distributors to offer dealers "better support and in turn help them to improve customers service".

However not all dealers appear to be entirely happy with the new arrangements, with at least one claiming his profit margin had been effectively slashed to £6 for every Electron sold.

"This just isn't true", insisted an Acorn spokesman.

THE ACCENT ON SERVICE

THE Electron has proved to be one of the most reliable home computers on the market. However when something does go wrong you may find your dealer doesn't offer a repair service, or if he does you may have a long wait ahead.

Fortunately a number of firms have come along to meet this need for specialised servicing.

One of them is Rumbelows, which now has 40 service clinics – repair shops to most of us – throughout the country.

Training

Rumbelows' computer engineers undergo an extensive training period to develop their skills and are also qualified to install peripherals such as disc drives. Econet, word processors and printers.

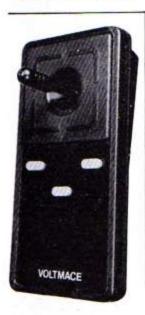
Service engineers say the hardest part of their job is repairing a computer they can't communicate with.

To overcome this Rumbelows uses a range of equipment to locate the problem, including an oscilloscope which checks the signals present on each of the integrated circuits and a production inspective tester — a special diagnostic chip.

Once the fault is solved the engineer gives the Electron a comprehensive test using the Watch Dog, which is used for diagnosis before servicing and for final testing.

Media is blamed for micro industry panic

THE wave of panic which has swept over the UK home computer industry in recent weeks has been blamed on "seriously exaggerated" reports – including several! about the Electron – in the British Press.



Joystick that sees double

A SINGLE joystick that thinks it's two has been produced by Voltmace.

The firm's Delta 3B single has been modified to include connection to both pairs of analogue channels of the computer.

It will work with programs written for either a left or right joystick, and if a program has been designed for two players using different joysticks it can be played by passing the joystick from one player to the other.

The joystick costs £12 and operates on the Electron with any analogue interface. And Martin Vlieland-Boddy, a leading figure in hi-tech circles, is convinced that the media has hounded Britain's manufacturers, particularly Acorn, to such an extent that it has almost handed the market over to the American competition.

"What they have done with rumours and innuendo is to destroy confidence in the market", he told *Elec*tron User.

"First the City boys get the jitters, then they are soon followed by the potential customers.

Exaggerated

"Acorn has suffered far more than most, for they exaggerated any problems the company had to the point that they were accelerated.

"As a result all the other British manufacturers have come under fire. They have kicked the home industry to such an extent that everyone is down".

The former boss of Torch singled out The Sunday Times as being mainly responsible for the current troubles.

Culprits

"This normally sensible newspaper has been one of the worst culprits", Vlieland-Boddy insists, "and computer writer Jane Bird must share a considerable degree of blame.

"After all, it was her articles going back to late last year which caused the rot to set in for Acorn."

"Because of them



Jane Bird . . . "must share a considerable degree of blame".

people began to lose that vital confidence in the company and, as a result, sales were lower at Christmas than they should have been.

"Suddenly a vicious circle has been created which is threatening to ensnare all the British micro manufacturers".

Martin Vlieland-Boddy is currently heading Active Technologies, a public company involved in the merger of successful companies to protect themselves against unstable market conditions.

MORE SUPER SHOWS

DATABASE Publications is to organise three Electron & BBC Micro User Shows this year.

"Whereas some computer show organisers have been experiencing problems of late – IPC has even cancelled events – we expect once again to break previous attendance records", says Derek Meakin, head of Database.

Dates and venues: May 9 to 12: New Horticultural Hall, London SW1.

September 27 to 29: UMIST, Manchester.

November 14 to 17: New Horticultural Hall, London SW1.

Show contacts: Christine Lees/Pam Goodwin, Database Publications, Tel: 061-429 8157.

Aid for handicapped

MINI Office, the chart topping business package for the Electron from Database Software, has been officially endorsed as an aid for the handicapped.

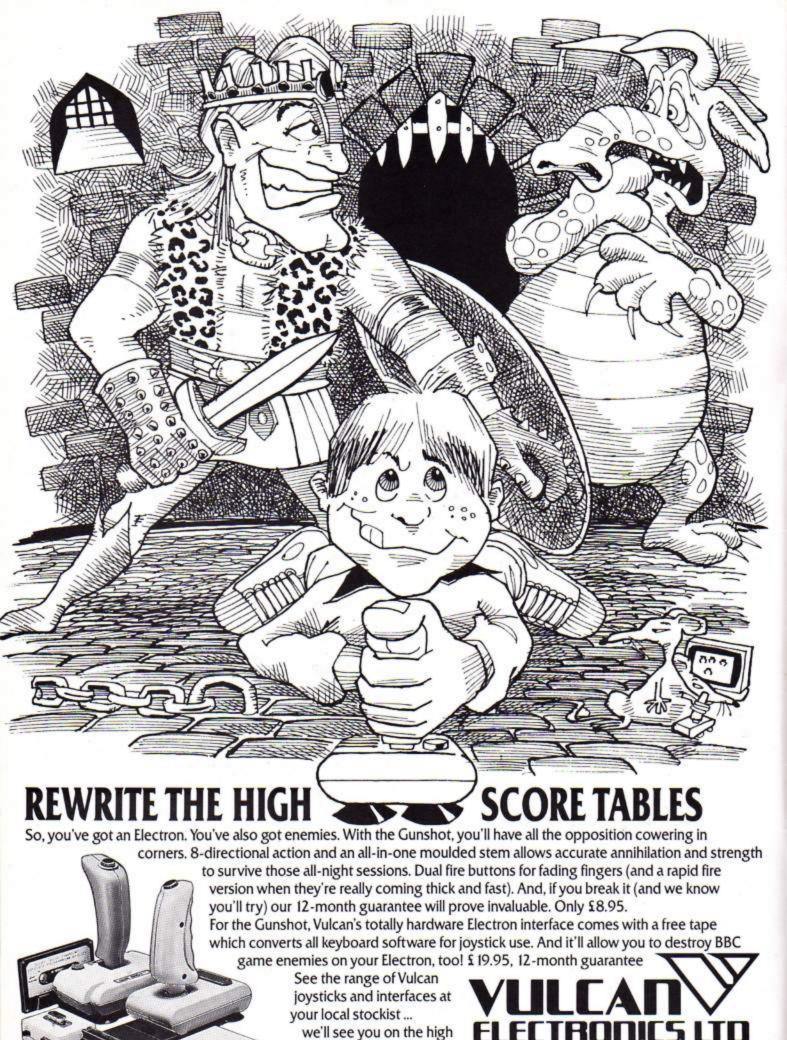
The software is specifically recommended in "Micros for Handicapped Users", a book published by Helena Press of Whitby Yorkshire. It carries a foreword by Baroness Masham of Ilton.

Revolutionarily priced at £5.95 - business packages can cost up to several hundred pounds Mini Office is a suite of four programs.

All professionally written, they are made up of a word processor, database, spreadsheet and graphics.

The software package is singled out in the book in the chapter "Jobs for housebound people", which deals with the handicapped contemplating setting up their own businesses.

"We found Mini Office very useful", Peter Saunders of Helena Press told Electron User.



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score tables.

Part 15 of PETE BIBBY's introduction to programming

IF you're a teenager AND not in love THEN you may as well read this . . .

Last month we saw how logical variables could be used to store the results of comparisons. These results always took the values 0 and -1, with 0 meaning that the condition was false while -1 indicated that the comparison was true.

These two values were held in the pseudovariables TRUE and FALSE.

Finally we saw how two conditions could be joined together to make up one larger condition using the AND logical operator.

Program I shows all these in

10 REM PROGRAM I
20 INPUT "Age", age
30 tooyoung= age(13
40 tooold= age>19
50 teenager=age>=13 AND
age(=19
60 IF teenager THEN
PRINT "You're a teenager!"
70 IF tooyoung THEN
PRINT "You'll be a teenager
when you're older."
80 IF tooold THEN PRINT
"You're past it!"

Program I

action as it decides whether or not you are a teenager.

What happens depends on the value you put into the varible age. If age is less than 13 then line 30 notes this fact and it is recorded in the logical variable tooyoung.

Similarly if age is over 19 then line 40 gives tooold the value -1. (In passing, notice that if one is true the other must be false. You can't be both too young and too old to be a teenager.)

You can only be a teenager if your age is between 13 and 19. Hence the structure of line 50 which subjects age to two comparisons joined by AND.

Only if age is both 13 or more and also 19 or less can it be true that you are a teenager. Hence teenager is only true if age>=13 AND

Logically speaking AND THEN we come to EOR

age<=19 is true.

The remaining lines of the program print out the appropriate message depending on which of the logical variables tooold, tooyoung or teenager is true.

As you can see, the choice of sensibly named logical variables make the last lines read almost like English.

Don't worry too much if line 50 looks a little odd. You can, if you want, make things clearer by enclosing the multiple condition in brackets as in:

50 teenager= (age)=13 AND age(=19)

Now you can see more clearly that it is the result of the ANDing of both comparisons that is stored in teenager.

The AND operator is again in action in Program II. This asks for the price of an item and then for how much money

18 REM PROSRAM II
28 INPUT "Price", price
38 INPUT
"Honey", spendingmoney
48 cheap=8
58 gotenough=8
68 IF price<58 THEN
cheap=-1
78 IF
spendingmoney>price THEN
gotenough=-1
88 IF cheap AND
gotenough THEN PRINT "Buy

Program II

it."

you can spend.

It then tells you that you can buy the item but only if it is both cheap and within your

10 REM PROGRAM III
20 INPUT "Price", price
30 INPUT
"Money", spendingmoney
40 cheap=FALSE
50 gotenough=FALSE
60 IF price(50 THEN
cheap=TRUE
70 IF
spendingmoney)price THEN
gotenough=TRUE
80 IF cheap AND
gotenough THEN PRINT "Buy
it."

Program III

disposable income (credit card companies don't like this type of program).

Lines 40 and 50 set up two variables, cheap and gotenough, giving them both values of zero. Line 60 then sets cheap to -1 if price is less than 50.

Similarly, the next line gives gotenough the value — 1 if your spending money covers the price.

Notice that cheap and gotenough are both being used as logical variables.

The final line ANDs cheap and gotenough. If, and only if, both are true, then the message will be printed.

It's no good if you have enough money but the item isn't cheap. Nor is it any good if the item is cheap but you don't have enough money.

Both conditions have to be true before the rest of the line after the THEN is obeyed.

Rather than use the values 0 and -1 in Program II we could have used TRUE and FALSE. Program III shows how this is done.

Notice how much clearer this is than the earlier program. However it can still be improved, as in Program IV.

This listing does away with lines 60 and 70 of the previous program. Instead lines 40 and 50 do the comparisons and store the results directly in the logical variables cheap and gotenough.

Not only does this save time and memory space, it makes the program even clearer.

As we've seen, the joint condition formed by two

10 REM PROGRAM IV
20 INPUT "Price", price
30 INPUT
"Money", spendingmoney
40 cheap=price(50
50
gotenough=spendingmoney)price
80 IF cheap AND
gotenough THEM PRINT "Buy
it."

Program IV

conditions linked by an AND is only true if both the subsidiary conditions are true.

It's no good the first condition being true while the

From Page 9

second is false. It's no good the second condition being true when the first is false. Both conditions have to be true for the overall condition formed by the AND to be true.

In many ways this is common sense. It's the way we use AND in our everyday life . . . "I won't go sunbathing unless it is sunny and warm",

Both subsidiary conditions have to be met before the total

EORa	logical	perator
we don't		

you're lucky and, at the same time, it's true that I've nothing better to do. Only if both conditions are true will you have the pleasure of my company.

The second case is very different. As before if both

first condition	second condition	joint condition
TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
TRUE	FALSE	TRUE
FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE

Table II: OR truth table

first condition	second condition	joint condition
TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
TRUE	FALSE	FALSE
FALSE	TRUE	FALSE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE

Table I: AND truth table

condition is fulfilled.

If you think about it, you'll see that there are only four possible combinations in our AND condition.

Both minor conditions can be true, both can be false, the first can be true while the second is false or the first can be false while the second is true.

Table I sums up these possible minor conditions and the results they have on the major condition. It's called the AND truth table.

In real life, however, we don't just stick to conditions such as "If you're lucky and I've nothing better to do then I'll come with you".

We also use conditionals such as "If you're lucky or I've nothing better to do then I'll come with you"

Notice the difference between them. In the first case I'll only be coming if it's true that

18 REM PROGRAM V 28 INPUT "Age", age 38 younger= age(13 48 older= age>19 58 teenager=age)=13 AND age(=19 68 IF younger OR older THEN PRINT "You can come." 78 IF teenager THEN PRINT "Go away."

Program V

conditions are true (you're lucky and I've nothing better on) I'll be coming. There are, however, two other positive

It may be the case that while you aren't very lucky I

18	REM PROGRAM VI
28	INPUT *Coffee
teaper	ature', temp
38	INPUT "Coffee price",
price	
48	hot=temp>58
58	cheap=price<48
68	IF hot OR cheap THEN
PRINT	*Drink it!*

Program VI

have nothing better to do so I'm coming with you (There, your luck's changed!). Alternatively I may have better things to do but you're lucky, so I come.

As you can see, using the "or" instead of the "and" in the above sentences makes a lot of difference. And, as you might have guessed, we can produce these sort of conditionals using Basic. In this case we used the aptly named OR logical operator.

Program V shows OR in action. This again tests age but, to make up for before, it's the teenagers who are left out.

Here the three logical variables younger, older and

teenager, are used to store the results of the tests on age.

Line 60 introduces the OR operator. Now if either younger or older or both are true then the rest of the line after the THEN is performed.

Actually in this case it's impossible for both minor conditions to hold good, as you can't be both younger and older than a teenager.

The point to grasp is that only one of the two minor conditions has to be true for the whole major condition to

If neither of these conditions is true then teenager has to be true, so the rude message is printed.

Program VI again shows OR in action.

If the temperature of the coffee is over 50 then the logical variable hot will be true. If the coffee costs less than 40 then cheap will be set to true.

The OR in the joint condition of line 60 allows the message to be printed out if either or both conditions is true.

You'll notice from this that the OR logical operator is much more generous than the AND.

Whereas an AND combination is only true for one of the four possible cases, the OR operator is true for three of the combinations. Table II shows the truth table for OR.

Try using it to figure out what's happening in Program VII which tests a list of data for numbers that are either 12 OR greater than 10.

Notice that only one of the conditions has to be true for the message to be printed.

There's one more logical

operator to deal with, but before we come to that try swapping the ANDs and the ORs of the previous programs and see how they affect the results.

So far the two logical operators we've come across have been reasonably familiar. Both the AND and the OR operators are more or less the same as we've met in our everyday life.

As ever, the computer treats them rather more strictly than we do but they do conform to common sense.

Now, however, we're going to meet another logical

18 REM PROGRAM VII 28 FOR 100p=1 TO 5 38 inrange=FALSE 48 READ test 50 IF test=12 OR test>10 THEN inrange=TRUE 60 IF inrange THEN PRINT

:test* is either equal to 1 2, greater than 18 or both" 78 NEXT 1000

88 DATA 9,12,5,17,23

Program VII

operator which we don't meet all that often. It's the exclusive-or or EOR operator.

Happily it's not all that difficult to understand. Table III shows its truth table.

In the case of two subsidiary conditions linked by an EOR the overall condition is only true if one but not the other of the two subsidiary conditions is true.

If both conditions are true then the overall condition is,

contrarily, false.

In other words, the joint condition is only true if one, and only one, of the minor conditions is true.

At first this seems a little unreal, but it does mirror everyday life. Consider the case of:

IF you're good looking EOR you're rich THEN I'll marry you

Here the marriage will only take place if the prospective spouse is good looking but not rich or, alternatively, rich but

20	INPUT "Weight", weight
	ALEXANDER SECURIOR DE CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACT
38	INPUT "Length", length
48	heavy= weight>=58
50	long= length>=60
68	IF long EOR heavy THE

N PRINT "I'll help you carr

18 REM PROGRAM VIII

Program VIII

y it.

ugly. If the spouse is ugly and poor the nuptials are can-

first condition	second condition	joint condition
TRUE	TRUE	FALSE
TRUE	FALSE	TRUE
FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE

Table III: EOR truth table

much into the Electron.

Similarly if the spouse is good looking and rich the wedding is off (they'd be too bigheaded to live with!).

I agree that it's a strange example, but in computing we often come across cases wheren EOR is useful. Take a look at Program VIII.

Here I'm willing to carry the parcel if it's heavy but not too long. I'm even willing to carry it if it is cumbersome, so long as it's not too heavy.

If it's neither heavy nor cumbersome you can carry it yourself. And if it's heavy and cumbersome find someone else to do your dirty work.

Again, it's not the world's most likely example, but take my word for it, EOR is an extremely useful logical operator.

You'll come across it a lot in your computing career. See if you can figure out what it's 18 REM PROGRAM IX

28 FOR loop=1 TO 4

30 inrange=FALSE

40 READ first.second

50 IF first(10 EOR secon

d >20 THEN inrange=TRUE

68 IF inrange THEN PRINT "Either ";first" is less th an 10 or "; second" is great er than 28 but not both at the same time."

70 PRINT

80 NEXT 1000

98 DATA 9,12,7,23,15,19,

16,25

Program IX

doing in Program IX.

And that's it for this month. Next month we'll be looking at one more logical operator. What ELSE!

EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES...EPIC ADVENTURES

finitive Adventures

"Having now tried all the Epic Adventures, they must be the yardstick by which all other adventures for the Electron should be judged."

ELECTRON USER "The Wheel of Fortune for the BBC and Electron is a highly-SHIELDS GAZETTE recommended state-of-the-art adventure."

"This has to be the adventure of 1984. It really is superb." MICRONET 800

"The definitive adventure. Highly recommended."

ELECTRON USER

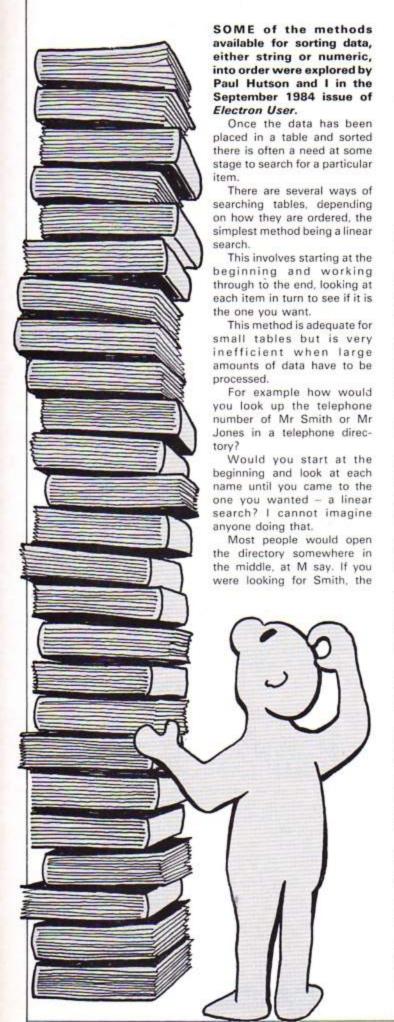
Our other three adventures have also received superb reviews in Electron User. They each contain approximately 230 locations and 25,000 characters of text.

This game is a classic puzzle adventure with all the features you'd expect from EPIC	reviews in Electron User. They each contain approximately 230 locations and 25,000 characters of text. TO: EPIC SOFTWARE, DEPT.E, 10 GLADSTONE ST., KIBWORTH BEAUCHAM			
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Doing things by halves

ROLAND WADDILOVE explains an efficient way to search ordered data

first half up to M would be ignored.

You could then divide the remainder in half again, opening it at R or S. It is then relatively easy to find the person you are looking for.

This method of searching by repeatedly dividing the list or table into two is called a binary search. It is plainly a much superior method as far fewer steps are required.

How can this method be put in a form which the Electron can understand?

Suppose you had a simple telephone directory program. You would need three arrays to store the information – name\$(100), address\$(100), number%(100).

These would be dimensioned at the start of the program and the data loaded from disc or tape.

The address and telephone number would be required for any name entered. Listing I shows how this can be done using the binary search method.

Line 1010 sets the first and last names to be considered. Line 1020 sets found to be FALSE.

Line 1040 finds the middle of the list. A check is first made to see if the person has been found, line 1050.

If the name in the middle is greater than, the person's name then the person must come before this, so *last* is set to *middle* – 1, line 1060.

If the middle name is less than the person's name, then ignore the first half by setting first to middle + 1, line 1070.

This process is repeated until the person's name is found.

What will happen if the name is not in the file? found will never be set to TRUE and the routine will loop forever. Some sort of check is needed.

If you follow through the

routine you will see that every time lines 1040 to 1070 are repeated and the person's name is not found, either last is decreased to middle - 1, or first is increased to middle + 1.

Eventually *first* will become greater than *last*. This is when we need to stop.

Listing II shows how this is done. Another flag is used, no-name, which is set to TRUE when first becomes greater than last.

These programs are not complete, and the procedures could be coded more efficiently, but they show the method quite clearly.

Program I sets up an array containing 1,000 different strings. Ten random strings are placed in another array.

Linear and binary searches are carried out for the 10 strings and the average time taken is calculated.

The searches are carried out for different numbers of items and the results plotted on a graph.

Run the program several times and notice how sharply the time taken increases with a linear search. The time taken for a binary search seems almost independent of the number of items.

The linear search curve is anything but smooth. It all depends on where the string is in the table, near the start or the end.

The difference between the two methods is apparent from the graph.

The average number of steps for a linear search is n/2, where n is the number of items in the table.

The average number of steps for a binary search is log₂

So doubling the number of entries will require only one more step with this method, Table I shows some sample values.

Number of items	Linear search	Binary search
n	Average number of steps = n/2	Average number of steps = log2 n
4	2	2
8	4	3
16	8	4
32	16	5
64	32	6
128	64	7
256	128	8

1850 IF name\$(middle)=pers 999 REM LISTING I on\$ THEN found=TRUE 1888 DEF PROCfind number (p 1868 IF name\$(middle))pers erson\$) on\$ THEN last=middle-1 1010 first=1 : last=number 1070 IF name\$(middle)(pers of names on\$ THEN first=middle+1 1020 found=FALSE 1898 UNTIL found 1838 REPEAT 1100 PRINT'person\$; addres\$ (middle);number%(middle) 1848 middle=(first+last) D 1128 ENDPROC IV 2

Table 1: Relationships between number of items and steps

999 REM LISTING II
1888 DEF PROCfind_number(p
erson\$)
1818 first=1 : last=number
_of_names
1828 found=FALSE : no_name
=FALSE
1838 REPEAT
1848 middle=(first+last) D
IV 2
1858 IF name\$(middle)=pers
on\$ THEN found=TRUE
1868 IF name\$(middle)>pers

Listing /

on\$ THEN last=middle-1
1878 IF name\$(middle){pers
on\$ THEN first=middle+1
1888 IF first>last THEN no
_name=TRUE
1898 UNTIL found OR no_nam
e
1188 IF found THEN PRINT'p
erson\$;addres\$(middle);numb
er%(middle)
1118 IF NOT found THEN PRI
NT'person\$; not in file.*
1128 ENDPROC

Listing II

18 REM Linear/Binary 20 REM Search Timings 30 REM By R.A. Waddilove 48 REM LISTING III 58 HODE 4 68 PROCinitialise 78 FOR max X=188 TO 1888 STEP 188 88 PROCrandom words 90 PROClinear_search 100 PROCbinary_search 118 PROCplot_times 128 NEXT 138 VDU 7 148 END 158 168 DEF PROCinitialise 178 #FX16.8 188 PRINT TAB(15,15); "Thi nking ... " 198 VDU 23.1.8:8:8:8: 200 VDU 19,1,3;0; 218 DIM word\$(1888),find\$ 228 FOR IX=1 TO 1888 238 word\$(IX)=STR\$(IX+188 8888) 248 NEXT

250 CLS: VDU 28,0,30,1,5 260 PRINT "Seconds" 278 VDU 26 288 PRINT TAB(6,1); "Linea r And Binary"; TAB(7,2); "Sea rch Timings' 298 COLOUR 129: COLOUR 8 308 PRINT TAB(34,1); "Line ar": TAB(34,24); "Binary": VDU 38 318 COLOUR 1: COLOUR 128:V DU 29,148;78; 328 MOVE 8,1888: DRAW 8,8: DRAW 1208,8 338 VDU 5 348 81=482818A 358 FOR i=188 TO 988 STEP 188 368 MOVE -188,1+32:PRINT; i/508 378 NEXT 388 61=488898A 398 FOR IX=200 TO 1000 ST EP 288 488 MOVE 11-32, -8: PRINT; 1

410 NEXT

428 HOVE 488,-46

438 PRINT "Number of item 448 MOVE -32,8:PRINT "8" 458 VDU 4 468 oldlintime=8:oldbinti me=8 478 ENDPROC 488 498 DEF PROCrandom words 500 FOR IX=1 TO 10 510 find\$(IX)=STR\$(RND(ma x7)+10000000) 520 NEXT 530 ENDPROC 550 DEF PROClinear_search 568 TIME=8 570 FOR 1%=1 TO 10 588 JX=8 598 REPEAT JX=JX+1 600 UNTIL word\$(JI)=find\$ (IZ) 610 NEXT 620 lintime=TIME DIV 10 638 ENDPROC

650 DEF PROChinary_search

668 TIME=8

670 FOR 1%=1 TO 10 688 FX=1:LX=max X 698 REPEAT MX=(FX+LX)DIV2 788 IF word\$(MI) >find\$(II) LX=MX-1 718 IF word\$(MI)(find\$(II) FX=HX+1 728 UNTIL word\$(MX)=find\$ 730 NEXT 740 bintime=TIME DIV 18 750 ENDPROC 768 770 DEF PROCplot_times 780 MOVE max 1-100,5*oldli ntime 798 PLOT 21, max 1,5 #lintim 888 MOVE max %-188,5*oldbi 810 DRAW max 1,5+bintime 820 oldlintime=lintime 838 oldbintime=bintime 848 ENDPROC

Program I

This listing is included in this month's cassette

tape offer. See order

form on Page 61.

10,20

30

80,90

120

130

200

210

260

Notebook Part 15

DO you remember the first Basic program that you ever wrote? It was probably something like:

> 18 PRINT "HELLO" 28 GOTO 18

This month's notebook looks at a program that does exactly the same thing but using assembly language and an operating. system routine.

40 50 60 70

28 MODE 6 start addiess O of CISWRCH + 38 OSWRCH=&FFEE address to routine 48 PX=42000]_ store assembled code 68 LDA #ASC("H") immediate 78 JSR OSWRCH 0 addressing 88 LDA #ASC("E") -98 JSR OSWRCH 0 188 LDA #ASC("L") 110 JSR OSWRCH

10 REM HELLO AGAIN

Assembly. 128 LDA #76 language 130 JSR OSWRCH 148 LDA #79 150 JSR OSWRCH

160 LDA #13] new line 178 JSR OSWRCH 188 LDA #18]

-cursor left 198 JSR OSMRCH 200 RTS]-return from subroutine 218 1

228 PRINT*PRESS SPACE* 238 wait\$=6ET\$ 248 CLS

258 REPEAT Endless 268 CALL &2888] runs machine 1000 278 UNTIL FALSE code routine found at \$2000 Hello— what have We here

PROGRAM EXPLANATION

Give the program title and put the micro into Mode 6.

The variable OSWRCH holds the address of the operating system routine that will be used to display out the Ascii equivalents of the contents of the accumulator.

The machine code generated by the assembler is to be stored at consecutive addresses starting at &2000.

The square bracket informs the Electron that what follows is assembly language, not Basic. The LDA tells the 6502 microprocessor at the heart of the Electron to load the accumulator with the Ascii code for the letter H. Lines 80 and 100 do the same for E and L. This is known as immediate addressing, the number to be put into the accumulator coming straight after the operation code (LDA).

This jumps (JSR) to the address held in OSWRCH. In effect this starts up a routine which looks at the number in the accumulator and prints its Ascii character on the screen. When it's done this the program carries on from the next instruction.

The code for E is put into the accumulator and the operating system routine at &FFEE prints

100,110 As above, L is put into the accumulator and the Operating System WRite CHaracter routine displays it.

Here the number 76 is loaded directly into the accumulator. Notice that there is no use of ASC() as before.

A jump to the same routine prints out the Ascii character of the accumulator's contents. In this case as the accumulator holds 76, so the letter printed is L.

140,150 Put 79 into the accumulator and print out O. 160-190 Use the same techniques as before to put numbers into the accumulator and print the corresponding Ascii characters on screen. These, however, aren't letters, they're the control codes for cursor down and start of line. They keep things tidy. Leave them out and see what happens.

RTS returns to Basic at the end of the machine code routine generated by the assembler.

The square bracket marks the end of the assembly language.

CALLs the machine code that has been assembled at the address &2000. Since this is in an endless REPEAT ... UNTIL loop the routine is performed until you press EScape.

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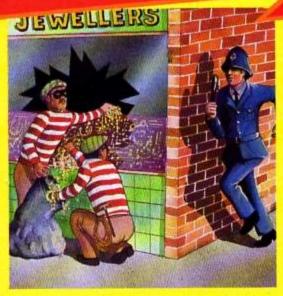






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١	THE SPENT		711758	124,54
١	TO EARNINGS	151.21	**1.21 0.00	321,21
	14 TO SPEND	798.00	731731	140.6- 14.68
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SURNAME: YATES FIRST NAME: IAN ADDRESS:: 177 FORD ROAD . ADDRESS:: GULLHAM TELEPHONE: 457-988 76543 AGE: 35

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SURNAME: ANDREWS FIRST NAME: JAMES ADDRESS1: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS2: MEREFORD TELEPHONE: 221-627451 ASE: 12

RECORD NO. 1

SUSNAME: ANDREMS
FIRST NAME: JAMES
ADDRESSI: 12 ELF ROAD
ADDRESSI: HEREFORD
TELEPHONE: 521-627451
AGE: 13

RECORD No. 7

SURNAME: AMDREWS FIRST NAME: PETER ADDRESS:: 12 ELF ROAD ADDRESS:: HEREFORD TELEPHONE: 321-622451 AME: 128

RECORD NO. :

SURNAME: BRING FIRST NAME: FIETH ADDRESSI: 15 HILL RDB ADDRESSI: WARRINGTON TELEPHONE: 853-80923 AGE: 30

RECORD NO. 4

SURNAMES BROWN FIRST NAME: IAN
ADDRESSI: 17 LEAMARS
ADDRESSI: NORWICH
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GRAPHICS

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WORD PROCESSOR

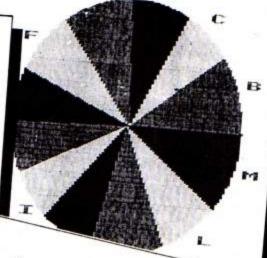
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DATABASE SOFTWARE

Close encounters

By NIGEL PETERS

HAVE you ever wondered how computer games work? We've already seen how to make an alien hurtle round the screen in the September 1984 Program Probe, which featured Program I.

It's nice, but juist moving an alien around the screen soon gets boring.

What's missing are things to bump into or, rather, things to avoid bumping into. We need a way of detecting collisions.

One way of doing this is to use the Basic function POINT. What this does is to tell you the logical colour number of any point on the screen.

This may not seem very relevant, but all will be made clear. First, however, we'll investigate POINT a little more deeply. Run Program II.

18 REM PROGRAM I 28 REM BY IAN RODGERS 38 REM use cursor keys 48 MODE1 50 VDU23,1,0;0;0;0; 68 VDU23,224,24,68,126,2 19,126,36,66,129 78 X=8 88 Y=8 98 REPEAT 100 PRINTTAB(X,Y)CHR\$224 110 FOR delay=1 TO 100:NE 128 IF INKEY (-122) THEN X =X+1:PRINTTAB(X-1,Y) * *: IF X=39 THEN X=38 138 IF INKEY (-26) THEN X= X-1:PRINTTAB(X+1,Y) ":IF X =-1 THEN X=8 148 IF INKEY (-42) THEN Y= Y+1:PRINTTAB(X,Y-1) ": IF Y =31 THEN Y=38 158 IF INKEY (-58) THEN Y=

Program I

=-1 THEN Y=8

18 REM PROGRAM II 28 MODE 1 38 FOR 1000=1 TO 4 48 READ leftx, lefty, righ tx.righty 50 PROCwindow(leftx,left y,rightx,righty,loop) 68 NEXT loop 78 VDU 26 88 DATA 188,188,988,988 98 DATA 288,288,888,888 100 DATA 300,300,700,700 118 DATA 488,488,688,688 128 END 130 DEFPROCWINDOW(a,b,c,d ,loop) 148 VDU 24,a;b;c;d; 150 GCOL 0,128+100p-1 168 CL6 170 ENDPROC

Program II

All this does is use VDU24 to set up and clear four screen windows, each to a different colour. If you don't follow this then refresh your memory with the May 1984 Program Probe.

The outer window is black, the next is red, followed by yellow and, finally, the centre is white. All four colours allowed in Mode 1 are displayed on the screen. Figure I shows the coordinates of the windows.

As you know, the Electron deals with everything as a number. Each of these four colours is referred to by a code number known as its logical colour number.

As there are four logical colours available in Mode 1, so the logical colour numbers range from 0 to 3.

0 is black, 1 is red, 2 is yellow and 3 is white.

You can change these default colours with a cunning VDU19, but the numbers remain the same. There can only be four colours on screen at once and each is referred to by a number between 0 and 3.

As I said before, we can use POINT to give us the logical colour number of any point on the screen.

PRINT POINT (x,y)

will return the logical colour number of the screen at graphics coordinates x,y. Try using it on the screen set up by Program II.

PRINT POINT (150, 150)

should give you the figure 0 as POINT points to a point in the black part of the screen (if you take my point). The logical colour of black is 0 so 0 is duly returned. Similarly:

PRINT POINT (250,250)

and

PRINT POINT (358,358)

should return 1 and 2 respectively.

PRINT POINT (458.458)

is examining part of the white

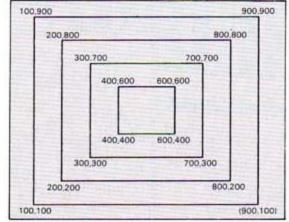


Figure 1: Window coordinates

square, so 3 is returned. Heave it to you to find out what POINT (x,y) returns when the x and y coordinates are outside the screen range of 1023 and 1279

Now that we're familiar with what POINT does, let's see how it can be used to detect collisions.

Going back to Program I, you'll remember that our little alien was buzzing around on a Mode 1 screen. The alien appeared in white, the background was black.

Thinking about it, if we POINTed at the alien we should get 3 returned. If we did the same for the black background 0 should be returned.

Mode 1 has four colours available. At the moment Program I is ignoring logical colours 1 and 2.

Now suppose we drew some obstacles on the screen in, say, yellow, logical colour 2.

The alien would have to avoid these yellow objects. If it tried to move onto a part of the screen that was yellow, not black, there'd be a collision.

Put another way, if the alien's next move tries to put it on a bit of screen of logical colour 2 instead of logical colour 0 there's a collision.

You can probably see where this is leading to. To know if the next move is going to result in a collision we have to know the logical colour of the next position of the alien.

And that is what POINT does. It looks at the screen and tells us what logical colour is there.

So when we want to move our alien we calculate the new values of x and y and use POINT (x,y) to see what colour the screen is at x,y.

If 0 is returned the screen is black, so the alien can safely move there. If the result is 2 then the screen is yellow and the alien will collide with an obstacle.

So detecting collisions is quite simple. If you think about it, the objects have to be a different colour from the back-

Y-1:PRINTTAB(X,Y+1) ":IF Y

178 SOUND 1,-15,32-Y,1

168 SOUND 1,-15,X,1

188 UNTIL FALSE

32 coordinates

32 coordinates

Figure IV: Mode 1 relationship between character and graphics coordinates

ground or else you wouldn't see them.

So if your alien is trying to move onto part of the screen that's not in the background colour then it has collided with something.

POINT simply allows you to check the next bit of screen. It's easy to use and almost foolproof.

There is one small problem with its use. If you look at Program I you'll see that we're happily displaying and erasing the alien using PRINT. This means that we're using the Mode 1 text screen, as shown in Figure II.

POINT, however, uses the

graphics screen, as shown in Figure III.

As you can see, they're completely different. The text screen uses the top left corner as 0,0 and is measured in character positions (40 by 32).

The graphics screen has the bottom left corner as 0,0 and has 1280 times 1024 coordinates. There has to be a little bit of maths to sort things out.

The main thing to remember is that whichever system of measurement is used, they both refer to the same thing, the screen. The 1280 horizontal units of the graphics screen correspond to the 40 characters across of the text screen.

Simple division tells you that each character is 32 graphics units across (1280/32). Similarly the fact that the 32 characters down of the Mode 1 screen correspond to 1024 graphics points means that each character has a depth of 32 graphics points (1024/32).

Knowing this, it's easy to work out the graphics coordinates referring to a particular character space. Remember that each character will occupy 1024 (32 times 32) graphics coordinates.

Figure IV shows the re-

Program Probe

lationship between a Mode 1 text character and its graphics coordinates.

Have a look at Program III, which mixes both types of coordinates. It draws two lines which pinpoint the coordinates of the top left hand of the space printed by line 60.

From this you should be able to see that the graphics coordinates of the top left hand corner of a character printed at TAB (x,y) are (x*32), (1023-y*32).

However, we don't always want to look at the top left corner of a character. It's usually better to look at its middle.

This is because some of the

characters we're checking up on may be odd shapes where the corners aren't used and are still in the background colour.

Figure V shows this. If we just POINTed at the top left corner we'd get 0 returned as it is still black. We'd miss the yellow character altogether.

To find the middle of the character we add 16 to the x coordinate and take 16 from the y coordinate. Our formula now becomes (x*32+16), (1007-y*32). Program IV shows the suitably adjusted lines going through the centre of the space.

So now we not only know how to look for a particular

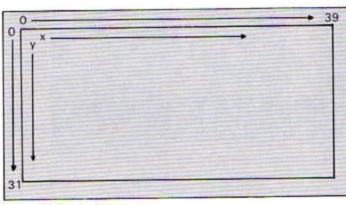


Figure II: Mode 1 text screen

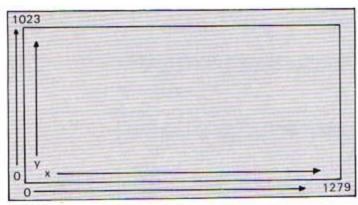
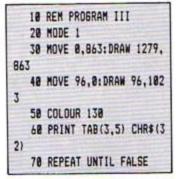
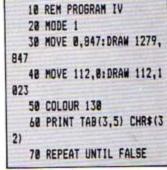


Figure III: Mode 1 graphics screen



Program III



Program IV

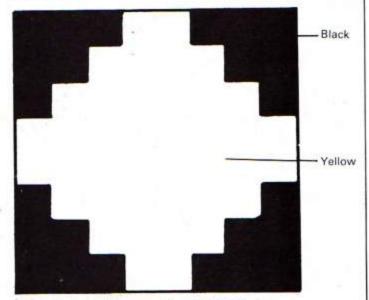


Figure V: Top left corner still background.

From Page 19

colour on the screen, we can also convert text coordinates to graphics coordinates. This allows us to POINT at the right place.

Let's see it all in practice with Collision Detection.

This is the same old alien program with a few extras added. For a start there's PROCobstacle which uses the window technique of Program II to create a big yellow block.

PROCgame is practically the same as lines 100 to 170 of Program I. What is different is that now line 270 checks the colour of the screen that the alien is about to move to.

It POINTs to the centre of the next space and puts the result in the variable check,

The next line prints the alien, but only on condition that *check* is not equal to 2. That is, it only prints it if the alien is moving onto a black background, not the yellow obstacle.

If check is 2 then the alien

isn't printed and the REPEAT... UNTIL loop of lines 140 and 160 ends. The program then comes to PROC-bang, performs it, encounters an endless loop and goes no further.

And that's all there is to collision detection. It's not hard once you've decided on what logical colours to use and where you're looking.

As you can see, the last program is much more a game than Program I. Why not improve it even further?

Obviously PROCobstacle could be changed to provide more yellow blocks. And they could appear or disappear with time.

And why not have some red objects which the alien has to collect? These would be logical colour 1 so you could have a line like:

If check=1 THEN score=score+1

There's lots you can do, and it's not that hard. All it needs is someone to POINT it out.

REM COLLISION DETECTI	230 VDU 24,416;880;608;99
	2;
REM BY NIGEL PETERS	248 GCOL 8,138:CLG
REM BASED ON A PROGRA	250 ENDPROC
IAN RODGERS	268 DEFPROCquae
REM use cursor keys	278 check=POINT((X+32+16)
MODE1	,(1823-Y+32-16))
VDU23.1.8:8:8:8:	288 IF check()2 THEN PRIN
	TTAB(X,Y)CHR\$224
A DOCUMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE	298 FOR delay=1 TO 188:NE
X=8	XT
Y=8	300 IF INKEY (-122) THEN X
PROCobstacle	=X+1:PRINTTAB(X-1,Y) * ":IF
COLOUR 128	X=39 THEN X=38
REPEAT	318 IF INKEY (-26) THEN X=
PROCoage	X-1:PRINTTAB(X+1,Y) * *: IF X
Control of the Contro	=-1 THEN X=8
	328 IF INKEY (-42) THEN Y=
	Y+1:PRINTTAB(X,Y-1) ":IF Y
	=31 THEN Y=38
The state of the s	338 IF INKEY (-58) THEN Y=
The state of the s	Y-1:PRINTTAB(X,Y+1) " ": IF Y
	=-1 THEN Y=0
	348 SOUND 1,-15,X,1
ENDPROC	350 SOUND 1,-15,32-Y,1
DEFPROCobstacle	368 ENDPROC
	REM BY NIGEL PETERS REM BASED ON A PROGRA IAN RODGERS REM use cursor keys MODE1 VDU23,1,8;8;8;8; VDU23,224,24,68,126,2 6,36,66,129 X=8 Y=8 PROCobstacle COLOUR 128 REPEAT PROCgame UNTIL check=2 PROCbang REPEAT UNTIL FALSE DEFPROCbang CLS SOUND 8,-15,6,48 PRINT TAB(28,15)*BANG ENDPROC

Collision detection program

ELECTRON, BBC Model B (any OS, BASIC I/II)

QUAL-SOFT

£9.95 (inc. VAT and p.p.)

"There is one fault though. I am going to lose a lot of sleep over it, it is so addictive". Steven Wiseman of Liverpool.

"Many thanks for the fantastic game. As soon as I received it, there was no stopping until the end of the season". J. Hooley of Twickenham.

"I am writing to say what a wonderful football program SOCCER SUPREMO is. It really is the best football game on the market at the moment". Anthony Hayes of Redcar.

"SOCCER SUPREMO"

NOT SO MUCH A GAME, MORE A WAY OF LIFE!

You have just been appointed Manager of a newly promoted 1st Division Club, and it is up to you to transform this very ordinary side into one that can realistically challenge for the 1st Division Championship within the next 5 seasons. You must assess your side's capabilities and then, through your youth policy and the transfer market, reinforce the strengths and eliminate the weaknesses. It's all so easy . . . or is it?

*** "3-D", 22 MAN, FULL PITCH, FULL MATCH GRAPHICS SIMULATION

- 42 match season, 21 home games, 21 away games.
- Transfer market (Rush, Robson, Hoddle etc).
- 4-4-2, 4-3-3 and 4-2-4 team formation.
- In match tactical adjustments.
- Opposition skills related to League record.
- Opposition: 21 of the current 22 DIV 1 sides
- Match injuries: Your physio reports
- Team selection by names. (enter initials)
- Home/away bias, opposition tactical play
- Tactical substitutions

And many more features, but will take a full page advert if we are to continue, (That'll be O.K. Ad. Man).

The game will be posted on the same day as the receipt of order. ACCESS telephone authorisations should take no more than two days to arrive. QUAL-SOFT
Dept. EU.
18, Hazlemere Rd.,
Stevenage,
Herts. SG28RX
Tel: (0438) 721936

Please supply a copy of SOCCER SUPREMO. I enclose a cheque, postal order, ACCESS card authorisation for £9.95

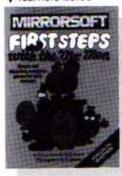
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Name:	
Address:	
CARD NO:	

ELECTRON ADDICTS

Hungry for something different? Then feast your eyes on this little lot! For the kids...

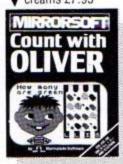
First fun steps on the computer for early ▼ learners £8.95





Those Mr. Men are here, there, and everywhere! £7.95

Get your sums right to get those toys and ice-▼ creams £7.95





▲ High-speed space-age mental arithmetic fun £6.95

Sharpen your powers of observation on the farm or in space £7.95



and for the rest of the family

Family fun with the quizzes provided, or you can write your own with the Quizmaster pack ▼ BBC Mastermind £9.95 Quizmaster £5.95 ▼







▲ Your personal diet and exercise adviser for a healthier life £9.95

Survey the heavens and track Halley's Comet from your armchair ¥£9.95





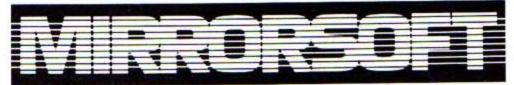
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VARE FOR ALL THE FAN

Mirror Group Newspapers Ltd., Holborn Circus, London EC1P 1DQ Tel: 01-822 3580

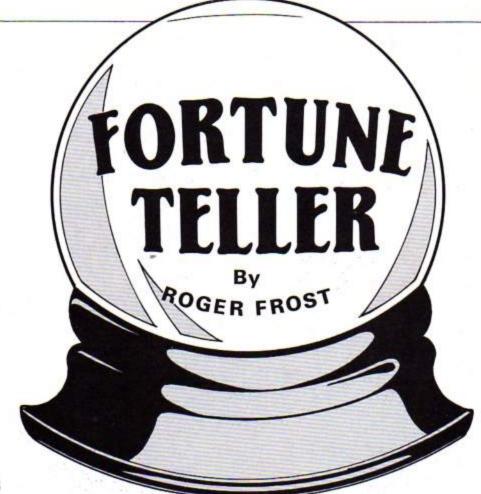
THIS program is a sure-fire money spinner for fêtes and shows, or it could add to the fun at a party.

If you have a printer, the customers can be given a hard copy of their fortune.

Fortune Teller produces a set of sentences concerning a person's future. They are, in fact, completely random and a disclaimer appears on the printout to avoid upsetting the astrologers and the faint-hearted among your clientele.

The program asks for your name, sex and date of birth. It will tell you the day on which you were born, with a relevant line from the "Monday's child is fair of face" ditty and also your star sign.

You are then given seven sentences of fortune on topics ranging from work and money to love, travel and leisure. There are 20 million possible combinations.



PROCEDURES

PROCinit PROCenter

Dimensions arrays and reads in some data. Requests various bits of information about the client.

PROCday

Works out the day of the week on which the person was born.

PROCsign PROCfortune

Works out the person's zodiac sign.

Reads in all the fortune data. As the program is less than 6k there is scope here for much extension. The data for fortunes is stored in various categories. Variable names will give some idea of what they are about.

PROCdisplay

Clears the input screen and displays the fortune. The love fortune depends on the sex of the person and is chosen out of 20 possibilities. The other fortunes are chosen out of 10 variables

Line 190 checks for mistakes in entering dates of birth. If you want to use the program with people over 100 years or babies born after 1985, you will need to alter the value of

When you are ready to leave one fortune and start the next you have to press the space bar. This instruction is not on the screen to keep the display uncluttered for the client, but the operator will

need to know it.

The addition of a hard copy adds interest for the customers. Three more short lines are needed for this:

375 VDU 2

515 VDU 3

535 REM +FX call to set u p printer.

Go seek your fortune, and may the stars shine favourably upon you.

18 REM Fortune Teller 28 REM by Rog Frost 38 REM (C) ELECTRON USER

48 MODE6 58 VDU19,8,4,8,8,8

68 PRINTTAB (13,3) "FORTUN E TELLER TAB(13,4) ******: FOR delay % = 0 TO 1880:

NEXT

78 error\$="I think you h ave made a mistake. Try again*

88 PROCinit

98 PROCenter

100 PROCday 118 PROCsion

120 PROCfortune

130 PROCdisplay

148 REPEATUNTILGET=32:CLE AR: RUN

150 DEFPROCenter

168 PRINTTAB(8,6); Please enter and then press the R ETURN kev:"

178 *FX15.8

188 INPUT "The year of yo ur birth (4 figures) e.g. 1 977 ", YZ

198 IF YX(1884 OR YX)1985 PRINT'error\$: FOR up=1T05: V DU11: NEXT: FOR delay=0T03000 :NEXT:PRINT SPC(255):FORup= 1T08: VDU11: NEXT: 60T0178

200 #FX15.0

218 INPUT "The month of y our birth as a number. .q. April is 4 ".MZ

228 IF MX(1 OR MX)12 PRIN T'error\$:FOR up=1T05:VDU11: NEXT: FOR delay=0T03000: NEXT :PRINT SPC (255) : FORup=1T08: VDU11: NEXT: 60T0200

238 #FX15.8

248 INPUT "The date of yo ur birth as a number. .q. 14 ",DX

258 IF(DX(1 OR (MX=2 AND DX>29) OR(MX=(4 OR 6 OR 9 OR 11) AND DX>38) OR DX>31) PRINT'error\$:FOR up=1TO5: VDU11: NEXT: FOR delay=8T0388 8: NEXT: PRINT SPC (255) : FORup =1T08: VDU11: NEXT: 60T0238

268 #FX15.8

278 INPUT' Your name ',n

288 +FX15.8

298 INPUT "Your sex (M/F) *,5ex\$

388 IF sex \$= "M" DR sex \$="

F" THEN 318 ELSE 60T0298

318 ENDPROC

320 DEFPROCday

338 IF MX <= 2 THEN MX=MX+1 2: YZ=YZ-1

348 NX=DX+2+MX+INT(.6+(MX +1))+YX+INT(YZ/4)-INT(YZ/18 8) + INT (YZ/488) +2

358 NX=INT ((NX/7-INT (NX/7 11+7+.51 360 IF NX>6 THEN NX=NX-7 378 IF MX>12 THEN MX=MX-1 2: Y%=Y%+1 388 ENDPROC 390 DEFPROCdisplay 400 VDU23,1,0;0;0;0; 418 CLS 420 PRINT "Name: ";name\$; SEX: "; sex\$ 438 PRINT "Date of birth: ":DZ: "/":MZ: "/":YZ 440 PRINT' Day of birth: "; DAY\$ (NZ) 'MESSAGE\$ (NZ) 458 IF DAY\$(NX)="Sunday" VDU11 460 PRINT "Star sign: ";5 ign\$ 478 IF sex\$="M" THEN RX=1 A FI SF RY=8 488 PRINT'LOVE\$ (RND (18)+R 498 PRINT'LIFE\$ (RND(18)) 500 PRINT TRAVEL\$ (RND (10) 518 PRINT MONEYS (RND (18)) 528 PRINT 'HAPPY\$ (RND (18)) 538 PRINT'WORK\$ (RND (18)) 540 PRINT'LEISURES (RND (18 550 VDU21:PRINT*Please do not take this too serious! v. ": VDU6 568 ENDPROC 570 DEFPROCinit 588 *FX11.8 598 DIM DAY\$ (6) . MESSAGE\$ (6) ,LOVE\$ (20) ,TRAVEL\$ (10) ,MO NEY\$(10), WORK\$(10), LIFE\$(10) .HAPPY\$(10) .LEISURE\$(10) 600 FOR NX=0 TO 6 610 READ DAYS (NZ) 628 NEXT 638 FOR NX=8TO6: READ MESS

650 DATA Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
660 DATASaturday's child works hard for a living, The child that is born on the Sabbath day is bonny and blithe and good and gay, Monday's child is fair of face, Tuesday's child is full of grace
670 DATAWednesday's child

AGE\$ (N%) : NEXT

648 ENDPROC

is full of woe, Thursday's child has far to go, Friday's child is loving and givin

680 DEFPROCsign

698 IF MX=12 AND DX>22 OR MX=1 AND DX<21 sign\$="CAPR ICORN"

700 IF MX=1 AND DX>20 OR MX=2 AND DX<20 sign\$="AQUAR TUS"

718 IF MX=2 AND DX>19 OR MX=3 AND DX<21 sign\$="PISCE S"

720 IF MX=3 AND DX>20 DR MX=4 AND DX<21 sign\$=*ARIES

730 IF MX=4 AND DX>20 OR MX=5 AND DX<21 sign\$="TAURU S"

740 IF MX=5 AND DX>20 OR MX=6 AND DX<21 sign\$="GEMIN"

758 IF MX=6 AND DX>28 OR MX=7 AND DX<21 sign\$="CANCE R"

760 IF MX=7 AND DX>20 OR
MX=8 AND DX<21 sign\$="LEO"
770 IF MX=8 AND DX>20 OR
MX=9AND DX<23 sign\$="VIR6O"
780 IF MX=9 AND DX>22 OR
MX=10 AND DX<23 sign\$="LIBR
A"

798 IF MX=18 AND DX>22 OR MX=11 AND DX<23 sign\$="SCO RPIO"

800 IF MX=11 AND DX>22 OR MX=12AND DX<23 sign\$="SAGI TTARIUS"

818 ENDPROC

828 DEFPROCfortune

838 FOR AX=1TO18:READTRAV EL\$(AX):NEXT

848 DATAYou are the stay at home type., Your travels will be of a local nature., The world will be your oyst er., The sky will be your limit., Your journeys could be into space., You will explore your home area.

858 DATAYou could travel to other continents., You may y travel far by sea., There may be unusual journeys for you., Beware of travels. They hold danger.

868 FOR AX=1TO18:READMONE Y\$(AX):NEXT 878 DATAYou may become very rich., Money will always cause you worries., You will have no cares regarding money., You can expect lucky money to come., You will be poor but honest., Money supplies could be a problem.

888 DATAYou will have a n eed for much money., You wil 1 have to work hard for mon ey., Do not expect to be ric h., You may inherit a fortun e.

898 FORAX=1T018: READ HAPP Y\$(AX): NEXT

988 DATAYour life will be very happy. Life may be a struggle for you. You will face many problems in life. You will lead a glorious life. You will overcome life 's problems. You will lead a cheerful life.

910 DATAYour life could be a bit of a misery., You will enjoy life to the full., Life could be very good to you., You should enjoy life to the full.

920 FOR AX=1TO10: READWORK \$(AX): NEXT

930 DATAYou should enjoy your work., You will find yo ur job a problem., Work will cause you no worries., Any job you get will prove taxing., You should enjoy working life., Your work will bring you satisfaction.

948 DATASeek jobs for hap piness not for money. Do no t let work rule your life., Workmates could be good fri ends. Work hard! Make money ! Enjoy life.

958 FORAX=1TO28: READLOVE\$
(AX): NEXT

960 DATAYour winning smil e can charm the men., Bewar e of a tall dark stranger., A holiday romance may come your way., Consider the charm of a local lad., Somewhere somebody loves you., Love is a many splendour'd thing.

978 DATABeware of men. Th ey can hurt., Choose your me n friends with care., You co uld get on well with a Leo man., A Libra man would suit you well.

988 DATABeware the charms of a pretty blonde., You may meet a pretty girl this summer., Your love may end up like her mother., A homely lass is the one for you., Ar ies girls will treat you right.

998 DATATry a Scorpio las s. They are good fun., Be st eady with the girl you love ., Don't rush. Miss Right ex ists., The girls all love yo u. Lucky fellow!, A happy ma rriage will be yours.

1888 FORAX=1TO18:READLIFE\$

1818 DATAYour life should be long and happy., With car e expect a long life., Take care of yourself; you have value., You should be active for years to come., Your he alth may cause minor proble

1828 DATAKeep active to en joy a long life.,Life may b e long if you keep off fags .,You should keep fairly he althy.,A healthy body will mean a long life.,You shoul d reach a ripe old age.

1838 FORAX=1TO18: READLEISU RE\$(AX): NEXT

1848 DATAYou will find it easy to make friends., Avoid physical activities., Your hobby could make you famous ., Sporting activities could provide fun., Look out for an unexpected talent., Your hobby could earn you much money.

1858 DATAA new hobby may b ring romance., A pastime may land you on the rocks., Wid en your circle of friends., Certain hobbies could be a danger.

1868 ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.



Will you be the first Earthling towin a pla

Acornsoft are issuing a nationwide challenge to all Acorn Electron and BBC Micro users.

It's the challenge to join a new and exclusive group of computer games players: The Elite.

With 3-dimensional graphics, Elite is a game which is light years ahead of any other.

It strictly defines the rank of each and every player.

As your prowess improves, you move into higher ranks.

But make no mistake, to reach the top rank, your performance must become exceptional.

Then, and only then, will you qualify to call yourself a member of The Elite.

From harmless, you must become lethal.

In Elite, all players start as equals.
With the initial rank of "Harmless," you will

embark upon an experience unlike any that you have known before.

You will be a space trader who roams the universe, making your living from buying and selling the cargo in your Cobra space craft.

On your travels, you will encounter aggressors who are eager to put an end to your dealings.

Only the fittest will survive.

As you establish yourself as a survivor, you will win the right to a higher rank.

In all, there are nine, from "Harmless" to "Elite." And your computer will continually tell you where you stand.

Trade with 2,000 planets in eight galaxies.

Besides survival, your success also depends on the rewards you reap from the cargo that you carry.



ce among the Elite?

That cargo can be anything from foodstuffs to contraband. If you decide to trade in contraband, the rewards will certainly be higher. But so will the risks you take.

To ply your trade, you can dock at any of

2.000 planets in eight galaxies.

However, before you dock, you must use your wits to assess the planet's political climate and the perils which may be waiting for you.

Also, in any of the eight galaxies, you may find yourself being asked to perform acts of considerable heroism and selfless courage.

Although these will bring you into danger, they can bring considerable rewards too.

We're waiting to recognize your skills.
Achieving higher status in Elite will tax your skills to the limit. Which is why you must down-

load your game onto cassette or disc each time you take a break from play.

When you reach the rank of "Competent" or higher, you should send us the secret code number revealed to you by your computer.

We will send you in return a special document which certifies your achievement. And you stand

to win a valuable prize.

Are you ready to accept the challenge?

Elite is available on both disc and cassette for the BBC Micro and on cassette for the Acorn Electron.



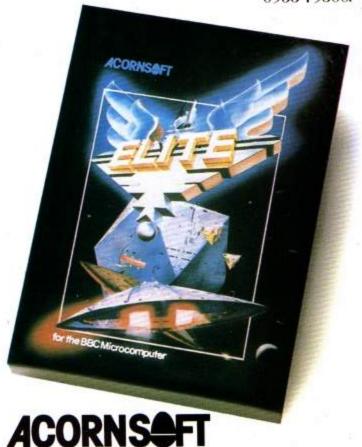
With either, you will get "Elite: The Dark Wheel," a compelling novel which sets the whole mood of your adventure. You'll also get a flight training manual which will get you fit to roar into the unknown in your Cobra spacecraft.

Your Acornsoft dealer now has the entire package at £14.95 on cassette, or £17.65 on disc (for the BBC Micro) and £12.95 for the Electron.

Credit card holders can simply telephone 0933 79300 during office hours.

Alternatively, you can order by post from: Acornsoft, c/o Vector Marketing, Denington Estate, Wellingborough, Northants NN8 2RL.

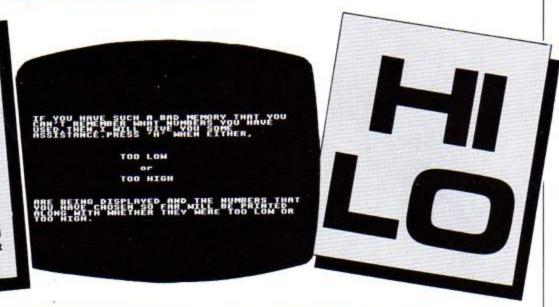
You can also get a free Elite poster by ringing 0933 79300.



SIMPLE but fun, Hilo by ANDREW LORD has the Electron testing your powers of mental arithmetic.

The micro "thinks" of a number and you have to try and guess what it is. After each guess, if you're wrong, you're told if the number you picked was higher or lower than the correct one.

Using this information you can then guess again. The process continues until you arrive at the right answer.



10 REM HILD

20 REM ANDREW LORD

38 REM (C) ELECTRON USER 48 DIM Z\$(18),A\$(18),A(1

20).T\$(180):FOR X=1 TO 10:Z \$(X)="LORD---SOFT":NEXT X:C LS:VDU23,1,0:0:0:0

50 PRINT''"HELLO MY NAM
E IS FRANK, WHAT'S YOURS":IN
PUT A\$(1):CLS:PRINT'''WELL
HELLO THERE "A\$(1)" DO YOU
WANT TO PLAY A GUESSING
BAME Y/N":INPUT B\$:IF B\$="Y"
THEN GOTO 60 ELSE GOTO 13

60MODE6: VDU23,1,0:0:0:0:0
PRINT'''IF YOU HAVE SUCH A
BAD MEMORY THAT YOU CAN'T
REMEMBER WHAT NUMBERS YOU
HAVE USED, THEN, I WILL GI
VE YOU SOME ASSIST
ANCE, PRESS 'H' WHEN EITHER,
":PRINT'''' TOO
LOW"

78PRINT'"

OF":PRINT'" ARE BEING
DISPLAYED AND THE NUMBERS T
HATYOU HAVE CHOSEN SO FAR W
ILL BE PRINTED ALONG WITH
WHETHER THEY WERE TOO LOW O
R TOO HIGH.":TIME=0:REPEATU
NTILTIME=1500:60T0220

88 VDU23,1,8;8;8;8;CLS:A \$=INKEY\$258; IF A\$="H" THEN GOSUB 358

90 CLS:PRINT TAB(5.3) "CH OOSE ANOTHER NUMBER":CS=CS+ 1:INPUT A(CS)

100 C=C+1:IF A(CS) (N THEN BOTO 110 ELSE IF A(CS) (N T HEN BOTO 120 ELSE IF A(CS) = N THEN 140 ELSE STOP 118 COLOUR 3:PRINT TAB(18 .13) "TOO LOW":COLOUR 1:SOUN D 1,-15,4,7:SOUND 1,-15,8,7 :T\$(C5) = "was TOO LOW":GOTOB

120 COLOUR 3:PRINT TAB(10 ,13)*TOO HIGH":COLOUR 1:SOU ND 1,-15,156,7:SOUND 1,-15, 160,7:T\$(C5)="was TOO HIGH" :GOTOBO

130 CLS:VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0; PRINTTAB(0,0) " ",TAB(4,10)" SOODBYE THEN ";A\$(1);" HOPE ",TAB(4,12)"TO TALK TO YOU AGAIN":REPEAT UNTIL GET\$="

148 SOUND 1,2,188,188;ENV ELOPE 2,1,4,-4,4,18,28,18,8 ,0,8,8,8;IF C(=18 THEN BD TO 168 ELSE BOTO 328

150 C1=0:C1=C+C+6:INPUTTA B(11,C1):SPC(29):INPUTTAB(1 1,C1):T\$:Z\$(C)=T\$:IFLEN(T\$) >25THEN150ELSEPRINTTAB(4,30 1:SPC(24):PRINTTAB(7,30)"PR ESS SPACE TO CONTINUE":REPE ATUNTILGET\$=" ":CLG:CLS:GOT 0 220

160 COLOUR 1:COLOUR 130:C LS:PRINT TAB(4,8) "Congratul ations you've quessed",TAB(4,10) "that the no. was ";N ;" in ";C:" goes",TAB(4,14) "Your name can now be ente red into",TAB(4,16) "the El ectron User's Honours Table

170TIME=0:REPEATUNTILTIME =1000

180MODE 1:COLOUR 2:COLOUR 129:CLS

198 PRINT TAB(12,2) "Elect ron User's", TAB(11,3) "----- ----- TAB(13,4)"Hon ours Table", TAB(12,5)"----

200 R=0:FOR 0=8 TO 25 STE P 2:R=R+1:IFR=10THEN360ELSE GOTO210

210PRINT TAB(6,0);R;".... .";Z\$(R):NEXT 0

220 MODE 1:COLOUR 1:COLOU R 130:CLS

238 PRINT TAB(9,4) "ENTER THE LEVEL THAT", TAB(9,5) "YO U WISH TO PLAY AT"

250PRINT TAB(3,22)"EXIT F ROM PROGRAM.....7":COLOUR 1:PRINT TAB(8,26)"(ONLY TYP E IN NUMBER)"

260 ON ERROR GOTO 220 270 INPUT L%:COLDUR 1:COL OUR 128:CLS:ON L% GOTO 280. 290,300,310,60,370,130

280 N=RND(100):PRINT'''1
NPUT A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND
100":50TO 340

298 N=RND(200):PRINT'''I NPUT A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 200":GOTO 340

300 N=RND(300):PRINT'''I NPUT A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 300":GOTO 340

310 N=RND(400):PRINT'''I NPUT A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 400":60TO 340

320 COLOUR 1:COLOUR 130:C LS:PRINT TAB(4,4)*Congratul ations you've quessed", TAB(
4.6) "that the no. was ":N:
" in ":C:" goes", TAB(18,8)
"BUT", TAB(9,10) "you need mo
re practise", TAB(13,13) "on
level 1":PRINTTAB(7,29) "PRE
SS SPACE TO CONTINUE"

JJ@ REPEAT UNTIL GET#=" " :60T022@

340 C=0:C5=1:INPUT A(C5): PRINT:GOTO100

350 CLS: VDU23,1,0;0;0;0;0;PRINT'''"MHAT A TERRIBLE MEM
ORY YOU HAVE!":PRINT''':COL
OUR 3:FOR P=1 TO CS:PRINT'A
(P)," ":T\$(P):NEXT:COLOUR
1:TIME=0:REPEAT UNTIL TIME
=CS+200:RETURN

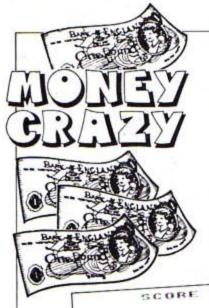
368PRINTTAB(5,0);P:"....
";I\$(R):PRINT TAB(6,30)"Ple
ase enter your name":60T0 1

370COLOUR 2:COLOUR 129:CL S:PRINT TAB(12,2) "Electron User's",TAB(11,3) "------",TAB(13,4) "Honours Table",TAB(12,5) "------":R=0:FOR Q=8 TO 25 E TEP 2:R=R+1:IFR=10THEN390EL SEGOTO380

380PRINT TAB(6,0);R;".... .";Z#(R):NEXT C

390PRINTTAB(5,0);R;".....
";I\$(R);PRINTTAB(4,30)"PRES
S SPACE TO CONTINUE":REPEAT
UNTILGET\$=" ":GOTO220
400END

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.



FEELING short of money? Well have a go at ANDREW LOGAN's Moneycrazy.

You are in control of a man who runs around the screen trying to collect pound notes that are scattered about.

However, like life, nothing is ever that simple and in his rush to get rich quick the little man has to avoid blocks that start appearing all over the place.

It's not easy, but it is fun.

'/'...DOWN"'"PRESS SPACE I

PROCEDURES

PROCtitle Displays title and instructions

PROCinit Sets up the arrays and picks the first position and the direction of the man.

PROCmove Checks the keys to see if a change of direction is desired and prints the man in

his new position.

PROCobstacles Prints either a block or a pounds sign. If

RND(1) is less than 0.22 a pound sign

appears otherwise it's a block.

PROCcheck Sees whether you have hit a block or

collected some money.

PROCnewgame Asks if you want another game.

PROCscore Displays the score.

PROCdead Happens when you hit a block!

PROCdel (D%) A delay procedure. The program is

delayed for the parameter D%.

	500	RE 6		
-		-	£	-
_			-	
-	£	£		

10REM **MONEYCRAIY** COREM BY ANDREW LOGAN JOREM (C) ELECTRON USER 40MDDE2 SOON ERROR GOTO 790 &OPROCtitle 70PROCinit **BOREPEAT** 90PROCobstacles 100PROCmove 110PROCcheck 120PROCscore 130UNTIL DEAD 140PROCde1 (200) 150PROChewquae 150MDDE6:END 170DEF PROEtitle 180CLS: COLOUR128: COLOUR1: 19070423.1.0:0:0:0:0: 200PRINT 'TAB(4): "MONEYCR AZY" 210PRINT TAB(4); "======= --220CDLDUR7:PRINT"YOU MUS T COLLECT THE" "MONEY BUT A VOID THE * * * YELLOW OBSTACLE S** "AND THE SIDES. WATCH"" "DUT FOR THE MONEY" "WHICH CHANGES INTO ""BLOCKS GOO D LUCKILE 230PRINT 'TAB(3) "MOVE USI

NG:-""" 'Z'...LEFT""" 'X'

...RIGHT**** :: UP****

O SEGIN" 240REPEAT UNTIL SET#=" " 250ENDPROC 260DEF PROCinit 270DIM OBJ (20, 29) 280VDU23,1.0:0:0:0:0: 290DEAD=FALSE 300VDU23,230,255,255,255, 255,255,255,255,255 31040023,231,16,56,16,124 ,186,186,40,108 320X1=RND(14)+3:Y1=RND(20)+6:SC%=0:Z%=RND(4) J30COLOUR 128:CLS 340C0L0UR12:FOR VX=4 TO 2 9: PRINT TAB(0, V%); CHR\$230; T AB(19.V%); CHR\$230: NEXT 350FDR 0%=0 TO 19:PRINT T AB(0%,4); CHR\$230; TAB(0%,30) :CHR\$230:NEXT 350COLOUR1: PRINT TAB(XX, Y %); CHR\$231 370PR0Cdel (100) 380ENDPROC 390DEF PROCapve 400SBUND1.-15.20.1 410N%=X%: M%=Y% 4201F INKEY-98 Z%=1:60T04 70 430IF INKEY-67 ZZ=2:80T04 70 4401F INKEY-73 ZX=3:60104 70

4501F INKEY-105 7%=4:6010 470 450PROCdel (3) 4701F 22=1 X2=X2-1 ELSE 1 F ZX=2 XX=XX+1 ELSE IF ZX=3 YX=YX-1 ELSE IF ZX=4 YX=YX +1 4801F XX)18 THEN PROCdead 4901F YID28 THEN PROCdead 5001F XXC1 THEN PROCdead 5101F YX(4 THEN PROCdead STOPRINT TAB (NY, HY); SPC1 530COLOURI: PRINT TAB(XX,Y % | CHR\$231 540ENDPROC 550DEF PROCobstacles 5601F RND(1)(.22 THEN 590 570P%=1+RND(16):0%=4+RND(23): IF (PX(=XX+1 AND PX)=XX -1 AND 01(=YX+1 AND 01)=Y1-11 THEN 570 5800BJ (P1,01) =- 1: COLOUR3: PRINT TAB(PY.QY); CHR\$230: EN DEROC 590KX=1+RND(16):LX=4+RND(23): IF (KZ=XZ AND LZ=YZ) THEN 60008J (KI,LI) = 3: COLDUR6: P RINT TAB(K1,L2); *** 610ENDPROC 620DEF PROCcheck 630 IF OBJ (XX, YX) = 0 THEN ENDPROC

5401F OBJ (XX, YX) =-1 THEN PROCdead: ENDPROC ASOIF OBJ (XX, YX) = 3 THEN V DU7: SCX=SCX+50: 08J(XX, YX)=0 : ENDPROC 550ENDPROC £70DEF PROChewgame 630CLS:PROEscore 590PRINT TAB(4); "A NOTHER (Y/N)* 700+FX15.1 71061=GET\$ 7201F G\$="Y" THEN CLEAR: S DTD70 ELSE IF GE="N" THEN E NOPROC ELSE 710 730ENDPROC 740DEF PROCESCORE 750COLOUR2: PRINT TAB(5.1) "SCORE "; SCI 750ENDPROC 770DEF PROCdead: COLOUR9: F RINT TAB(XZ,YZ): CHR\$231: SOU NDO.-15.30.30: DEAD=TRUE: END PROC 7BODEF PROCHEL (DZ): TIME=T 1: REPEAT UNTIL TIME) TX+BX: E NDPROC 79CMODE6: IF ERROLT THEN

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

REPORT: PRINT" at line ": ERL

BOOEND



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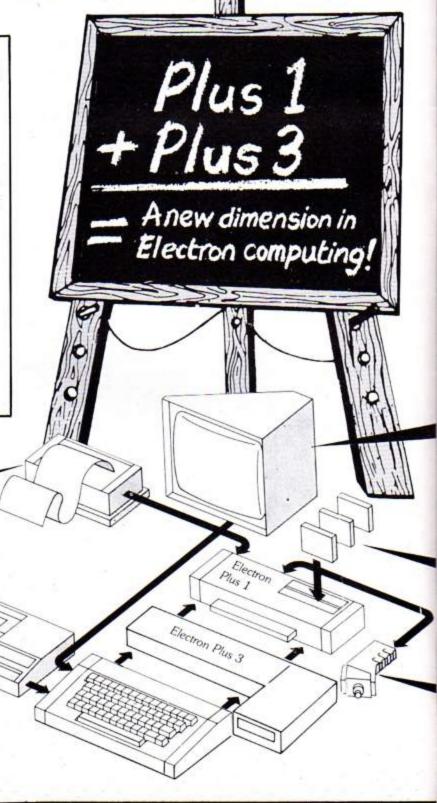
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Since it was launched at the Electron & BBC
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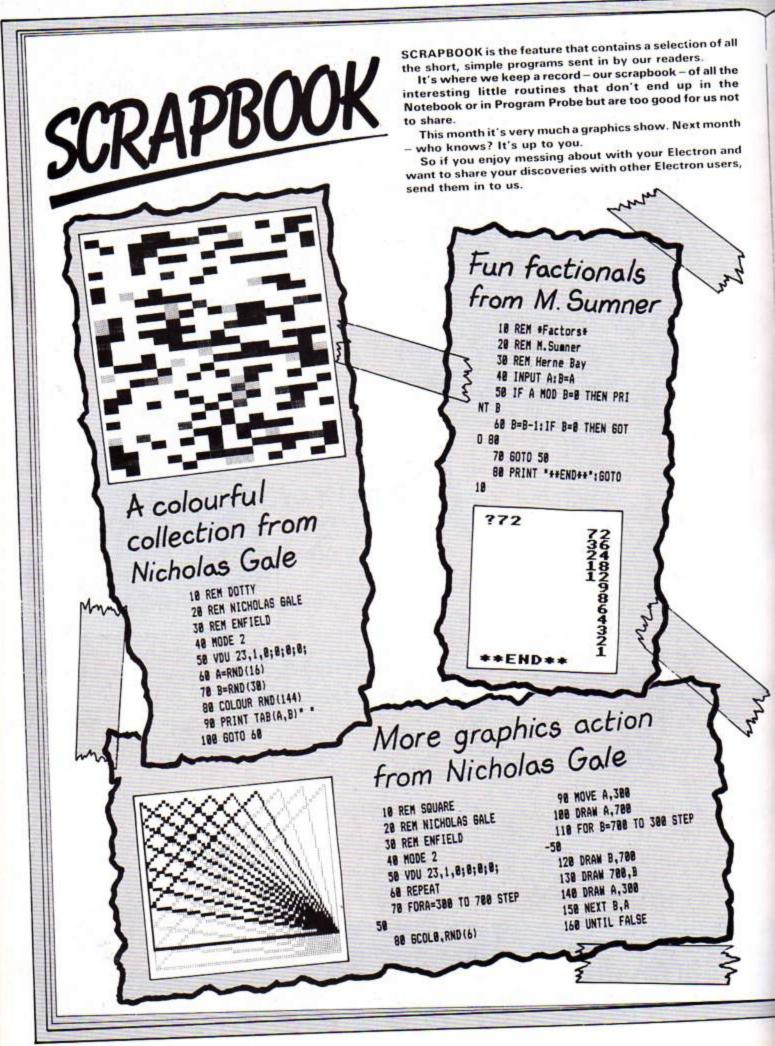
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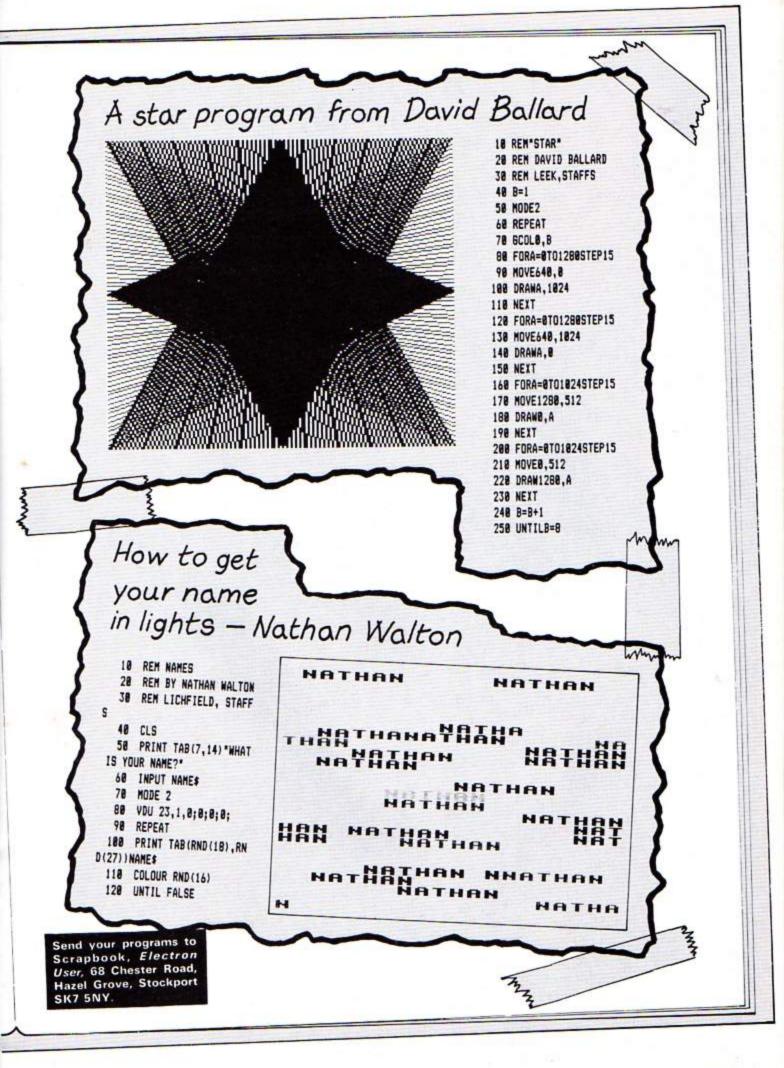
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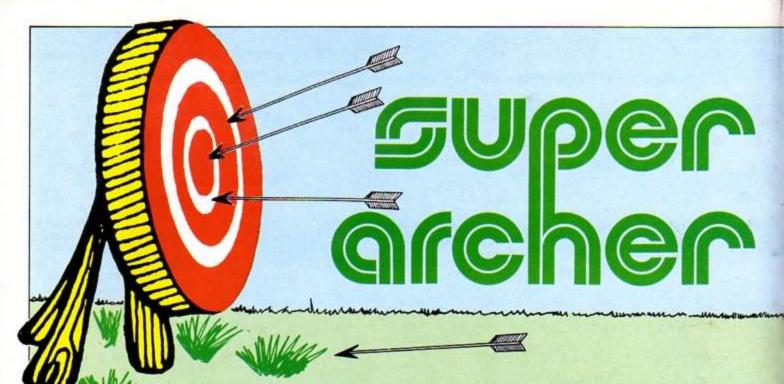
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Use your Electron to get right on target

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18 REM 'Super Archer' 28 REM 30 REM Written for the 48 REM ACORN ELECTRON 58 REM by 60 REM Ian M. Brown 88 REM (C) ELECTRON USER 98 REM 188 : 118 MODE 1 128 PROCinit 138 PROCtitle 148 IF INSTR("Yy", key\$) P ROCinstruct 158 PROCinput 168 FOR play=1 TO players

178 PROCwindsetup 188 FOR arrow=1 TO 3 198 NODE 5 288 PROCscreen 218 PROCfactors 228 REPEAT PROCarrow

238 UNTIL height(8 OR dis p>=dist 248 SOUND 17,8,8,8 258 IF FMxyz (dev, height)S OUND 8,-1,5,2 268 arrowheight(play,arro w)=height:arrowdev(play,arr 278 VDU 28,8,31,19,31:PRI NTTAB(3) "Press any key";:ke y=BET 288 NEXT arrow 298 PROCassess 300 IF NOT alleiss PROCta rget 318 NEXT play 328 PROCcompare 338 IF INSTR("Yy", ans\$) R 348 PRINT "Byee!" 358 PROCeusic 368 END

378 :

388 DEF PROCinit 398 ON ERROR MODES: REPORT :PRINT" at line ";ERL':END 488 ENVELOPE 1,2,2,-2,8,1 ,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 418 VDU 23,223,255,255,25 5,255,255,255,255,255 428 VDU 23,224,24,24,24,2 4,255,126,68,24:REM down-a From 438 VDU 23,225,24,68,126, 255,24,24,24,24:REM up-arr 448 VDU 23,226,8,8,56,58, 56,8,8,8:REM man (top-view 458 VDU 23,227,58,57,17,2

55,57,41,42,48:REM man (si de-view) 468 VDU 23,228,24,24,24,2 4,24,24,24,24:REM target (top-view) 478 VDU 23,229,24,24,24,2 4,24,24,36,66:REM target (side-view) 488 VDU 23,238,129,66,36, 24,24,36,66,129:REM cross 498 DIM col 1(18) 500 DIM arrowheight (4,3) 518 DIM arrowdev (4,3) 528 DIM score (4) 538 ENDPROC 548 : 550 DEF PROCwindsetup 568 f=1848/dist 578 IF wind windvel=RND(2 8) ELSE windvel=8 588 windang=RND (368) 598 ENDPROC

: 688

4: DRAW 8,136

L 8,1

618 DEF PROCScreen

628 VDU 23,1,8;8;8;8;1:6CO

638 MDVE 8,136: DRAW 1279.

136: DRAW 1279,584: DRAW 8,58

EVER fancied yourself as a budding Robin Hood? Do you think using a longbow is easy?

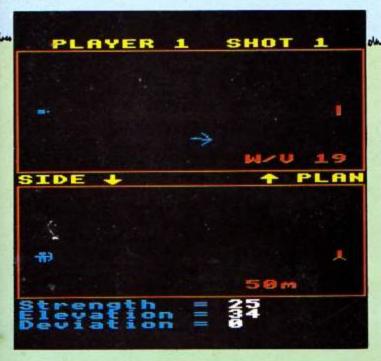
Put yourself to the test with IAN BROWN's Super Archer, a game for one to four players.

You must try to hit a target with an arrow at four different ranges.

And if that isn't difficult enough the real toxophilites among you have the choice of combatting side winds.

All the instructions are in the program and the controls are simplicity itself. However it may be easy to play but it's not easy to hit the target.

Super Archer is just like the real thing - but you don't have to keep retrieving the arrows.



VARIABLES

players Number of players. play Current player. arrow Current arrow of current player. dist Distance from player to target:

25/50/75/100m.

windvel Prevailing wind velocity in m/s. windang Prevailing wind direction in degrees.

Strength of shot (relative)

strength elev Elevation of shot from ground in degrees. angle Horizontal angle of shot in degrees.

velh Horizontal velocity of arrow. velv Initial vertical velocity of arrow. dev

Current deviation of arrow (in metres from

straight line from player to target). Current distance of arrow from player. Current height of arrow from ground.

time Artificial time function.

Variables for calculation of accuracy of shot. x,y,z ra%,i%,j% Variables for plotting of circular target. Variable for calculation of score gained by lim

note Current note being played in PROCmusic. pitch Pitch of note. duration Duration of note.

ARRAYS

arrowheight(play,arrow) Final height of particular arrow

above ground.

Final deviation of particular arrowdev(play,arrow)

col%(r%) Colour of ring r% of target. score(play) Score of particular player.

FLAGS

allmiss TRUE if all arrows of a particular player have

missed target.

TRUE if wind effects have been selected.

648 MOVE 8,552: DRAW 1279, 552: DRAW 1279.952: DRAW 8.95 2: DRAW 8,552

650 COLOUR 2

668 PRINTTAB (2,1) "PLAYER" TAB (12, 1) "SHOT"

678 PRINTTAB (8, 15) "SIDE " CHR\$224; TAB (14) CHR\$225* PLA

688 COLOUR 3

698 PRINTTAB(9,1);play;TA

B(17,1);arrow 700 COLOUR 1

718 PRINTTAB(13,26); dist;

728 COLOUR 2

738 VDU 31,1,8,226

748 VDU 31,1,23,227

768 VDU 31,18,8,228

778 VDU 31,18,23,229

750 COLOUR 1

878 vely=strength*SINRADe

788 ENDPROC

798 :

888 DEF PROCfactors

818 IF wind PROCwindinfo 820 REPEAT VDU 28,8,29,19

,28,12,7:COLOUR 2:PRINT*Str ength ="::COLOUR 3: INPUTTA B(12) strength: UNTIL strengt h>4 AND strength(41

838 REPEAT VDU 28,8,38,19 ,29,12,7:COLOUR 2:PRINT*Ele vation =";:COLOUR 3:INPUTTA B(12) elev: UNTIL elev>-1 AND elev(61

848 REPEAT VDU 28,8,31,19 .38.12,7:COLOUR 2:PRINT*Dev iation =";:COLOUR 3:INPUTTA B(12)angle:UNTIL angle)-31 AND angle(31

850 GCOL 0,3

860 velh=strength*COSRADe

lev

880 height=1.5

898 disp=8

wind

disp

height

988 dev=8 918 time=8

928 SOUND 1,1,25,4

938 SOUND 1,-1,255,-1

948 ENDPROC

958 1

968 DEF PROCarrow

978 time=time+.85 988 disp=velh*time

998 height=1.5+velv*time-

5*time*time

1888 dev=dev+(windvel*SINR ADwindang+velh*SINRADangle)

1818 PLOT 69,128+f*disp,75

2-dev#16

1020 PLOT 69,128+f*disp,25

2+height#16

1838 ENDPROC 1848 :

1858 DEF PROCcompare 1868 VDU 19,8,4;8;

1978 VDU 26: CLS: PRINT

1888 FOR play=1 TO players 1898 PRINT "Player ";play;

": Score ";score(play) 1100 NEXT play

1118 PRINT" "Another game (Y/N)? ";

1128 REPEAT ans\$=8ET\$

1138 UNTIL INSTRI "YYNn", an 5\$1

1148 ENDPROC

1158 :

1168 DEF PROCassess 1170 allaiss=TRUE

1188 FOR arrow=1 TO 3

1198 IF FWhit (play, arrow) alleiss=FALSE

1200 NEXT arrow 1218 ENDPROC

1228 :

April 1985 ELECTRON USER 33

Super Archer listing

From Page 33
1230 DEF PROCtarget
1248 CLG: VDU 26
1250 VDU 19,8,4;8;
1260 VDU 29,640;512;
1270 RESTORE 1430
1288 FOR rX=1 TO 18
1298 READ col%(r%) 1388 IF col%(r%)()col%(r%-
1) PROCcircle(rX)
1310 NEXT
1328 GCOL 4,8
1338 VDU 5
1348 FOR arrow=1 TO 3
1358 IF FWhit(play,arrow)
MOVE x #648-32, y #648+16: VDU
238: PROCscore(z)
1360 NEXT arrow
1378 VDU 4
1388 6COL 8,3
1398 PRINT' Player ";play ;": Score ";score(play)
1488 PRINTTAB (3,38) Press
any key";:key=6ET
1410 ENDPROC
1428 :
1438 DATA 2,2,3,3,3,8,8,1,
1,8
1448 :
1450 DEF PROCcircle(r1)
1468 rax=(11-rx)+32
1478 GCOL 8,col%(r%) 1488 FOR i%=-ra% TO ra% ST
EP B
1490 j1=SQRABS(ra1+ra1-i1+
12)
1500 MOVE iX,-jX
1518 DRAW 12, 12
1528 NEXT
1538 ENDPROC
1548 :
1550 DEF PROCwindinfo
1560 GCOL 0,1
1570 MOVE 640,660
1588 PLOT 1, COSRADwindang+
80,-SINRADwindang+80 1590 PLOT 1,-40+SINRAD(60-
windang),48+CDSRAD(68-winda
ng)
1680 PLOT 0,40*SINRAD(68-W
indang),-48+COSRAD(68-winda
ng)
1618 PLOT 1,-48+COSRAD(win
dang-30),40#SINRAD(windang-
38)
1628 COLOUR 1
1638 PRINTTAB(13,13)*W/V *
;windvel

```
1648 ENDPROC
  1650 :
  1668 DEF FNhit(play, arrow)
  1678 x=arrowdev(play,arrow
  1688 y=arrowheight(play,ar
row)-1.5
 1698 z=SQR(x+x+y+y)
  1700 IF z(=.5 =TRUE ELSE =
FALSE
 1718 :
 1728 DEF FNxyz (dev, height)
 1730 x=dev
 1748 y=height-1.5
 1758 z=SQR(x*x+y*y)
 1768 IF z <= .5 = TRUE ELSE =
FALSE
 1770 :
 1780 DEF PROCScore(z)
 1798 lia=8
 1880 REPEAT lia=lia+.05
 1818 UNTIL lim=.5 OR 2(=1i
 1828 IF z(=lim score(play)
=score(play)+11-INT(lie+28)
 1838 ENDPROC
 1848 :
 1850 DEF PROCtitle
 1860 VDU 23,1,0;0;0;0;:COL
 1878 PRINTTAB(8,1)STRING$(
40. CHR$223)
 1880 FOR yy x=2 TO 29
 1898 VDU 31,8,yy1,223,31,3
9, 447, 223
 1988 NEXT YYZ
 1910 PRINTTAB(8,38)STRING$
(48, CHR$223):
 1928 COLOUR 3
 1938 PRINTTAB(14.4) "SUPER
ARCHER*
 1948 COLOUR 2
 1958 PRINTTAB (14.5)
 1968 VDU 31,12,4,227,31,27
,4,227
 1978 COLOUR 1
1988 PRINTTAB(12,7) by Ia
n M. Brown"
1998 VDU 28,3,27,36,18
 2000 PROCeusic
 2010 COLOUR 2
 2020 PRINT "Instructions
(Y/N)? ";
 2030 REPEAT key$=6ET$:UNTI
L INSTR("YyNn", key$):PRINT
kev$
2848 ENDPROC
```

2868 DEF PROCinput

```
2070 PRINT "How many play
ers (1-4)? ";
 2080 REPEAT key$=6ET$:UNTI
L INSTR("1234", key$)
 2090 PRINT key$:players=VA
L(key$)
 2100 PRINT" Crosswind eff
 ects? ";
 2118 REPEAT key$=6ET$:UNTI
L INSTR("YyNn", key$)
 2120 PRINT key$: IF INSTR(*
Yy", key$) wind=TRUE ELSE wi
nd=FALSE
 2138 REPEAT VDU 28,2,22,37
 .21,12
 2140 INPUT Enter distance
 (25/50/75/100m): "dist
 2150 UNTIL dist=25 OR dist
=58 OR dist=75 OR dist=188
 2168 ENDPROC
 2178 :
 2180 DEF PROCInstruct
 2198 CLS
 2200 PRINT'*
                 This came
  simulates (rather"'loos
ely) a game of archery
for"
     "one to four player
5. *
 2218 PRINT **
                 Each playe
r takes turn to fire""thre
e arrows at a target f
roa" "between 25 and 100 me
tres away."
 2228 PROCcontinue
 2238 PRINT ...
                  The playe
r selects each time" "the
  strength of the shot,
 the" "angle from the grou
nd in degrees,"
 2248 PRINT and its horizon
tal deviation."
 2258 PROCcontinue
 2260 PRINT*For example: " '
* Strength = 25**** Elev
ation = 8" ... Deviation =
-5"
2278 PRINT *means strengt
h of shot (5°40) is""25.
its elevation (8°68) is ei
ght" degrees, and the sh
ot is aimed" "five degree
s to the left (-38"38)."
 2288 PROCcontinue
2298 PRINT' The arrow i
s then automatically""fire
d, and its path is shown f
rom" "above and from the si
de. "
2300 PRINT" This is rep
```

```
eated for all three" "shot
s. If any hit the target, t
hen" "the target is shown
after all the" "arrows have
 been fired."
 2310 PROCcontinue
 2328 PRINT . The winnin
g shots are shown as" "cros
ses on the target. The poi
nts" "scored are then calcu
lated."
 2330 PRINT"
                 The whole
process is repeated" "for
all the players, and fina
lly""the scores printed at
 the end."
 2348 PROCcontinue
 2350 PRINT*
                If crosswin
ds are selected at" "the
beginning of the game, t
he"'"random wind speed an
d direction" "are displaye
d in the top half of""th
e screen."
 2360 PRINT'"
                 These stay
 constant throughout "one
player's turn, but will cha
nge" "for the next player."
 2378 PROCcontinue
 2388 ENDPROC
 2398 :
 2400 DEF PROCcontinue
 2418 COLOUR 1
 2420 PRINTTAB(11,17)*Press
 Space':
 2438 REPEAT UNTIL BET=32
 2448 CLS
 2450 COLOUR 2
 2468 ENDPROC
 2478 :
 2488 DEF PROCESSIC
 2498 RESTORE 2578
 2500 FOR note=1 TO 11
 2510 READ pitch, duration
 2520 SOUND 1,-1,pitch,dura
tion
 2530 SOUND 1,8,8,8
 2548 NEXT note
 2550 ENDPROC
 2568 :
 2578 DATA 108,4,108,4,189,
8,188,4,188,4,188,8,188,4,1
80,4,180,6,92,2,84,8
```

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

This month: Wheel of Fortune, Stranded, Ring of Time, Adventureland, Quest for the Holy Grail.

I'VE had a lot of letters (well, eight actually) from readers who can't get started with Epic's Wheel of Fortune. So this month I shall try and tell you how to do it — without telling you how to do it — if you know what I mean.

But first let me repeat something I said last month. Please enclose an s.a.e. if you want an immediate answer.

It takes time to get a magazine on the stands, time that you will spend waiting if you don't enclose an s.a.e.

Many readers have written in asking about Countdown to Doom. Although I have managed to get a couple of hours playing it, I have not yet received a review copy. Never fear, I shall review it as soon as it arrives.

Other things to look out for are reviews of all the Scott Adams' adventures, including



the one that started it all, Adventureland.

Back to Wheel of Fortune. To tell you exactly how to get down the well would require more space than I have available. I shall have to be brief and let you fill in the gaps.

The main thing to remember is that the characters move independently of you – but only to a point.

Search everywhere, collect everything but make sure you leave the gilded truncheon north of the crossroads before going west for the ladder.

You'll have to befriend the beggar because you need help to get down the well once you have got the bucket.

Give the beggar the coin on his return trip from the machine. Once he has gone, get the coin from the cup, get the matches then get the beggar to follow you.

Use the ladder to get the bucket and go to the well.

To go down the well get the beggar to help you but then be very PATIENT. The exact sequence is: Get coin, befriend beggar, get matches, search everywhere, collect everything, go to the well and you are off. Hope that helps.

Incidently, I haven't been able to do very much down the well so I'd appreciate any tips, maps or advice that you'd care to offer.

Right. Problem corner now - see you next month!

P. Murtogh wants to know if the swamp leads anywhere in Epic's Quest for the Holy Grail: Yes! You PLANK.

M. Byrom wants to know where the keys are in Adventureland: Have you been up the tree?

T. Reay cannot get past the crocodiles in Kansas's Ring of Time: Ughi Kill, then mutilate the dog.

S. Lurie can't get into the spaceship in Superior's Stranded: Get the parachute in the forest, find a place to use it, get the rifle and shoot the robot.

You should have tour you can get in and also finish you can get in and also finish

If you want Merlin's help write to:

Merlin, Electron User, Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

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Software Surgery

THE COLUMN THAT TAKES A LOOK INSIDE THE LATEST RELEASES

Ultimate Electron arcade action

Zalaga Aardvark

MY first reaction to this excellent game was "I'm not sure what's happening but it's fast". And that's my considered opinion as well.

The reason I'm not sure what's happening is that neither the cassette insert nor the program instructions give you any idea of the scenario.

Having said that, it doesn't take a lot of K to realise that the amazingly animated, feroclously fast objects swirling and swooping down from the top of the screen are nasties.

And any arcade novice should be able to realise that the laser base at the bottom of the screen can be moved from



side to side, avoiding bombs and replying in kind with lasers.

No, there's no problem with the game itself, a really fast example of ultimate Electron arcade action. It's just that the instructions are a bit of a puzzle.

You can have the sound on or off, decide whether you want the one or two player game, keyboard or joystick.

You can pick the start screen, whether you want automatic fire or not or even set the reload speed.

But you have to discover for yourself what such things as automatic fire and the reload speed actually mean.

Not that you have much time to spend trying to find out, the game is too good for that

It's entrancing. The graphics are superb, fast and effective. The control keys are easy to use and (remarkably) well explained and the game concept simple but appealing.

The idea of aliens dropping from the sky may be old fashioned but in Zalaga it reaches the state of the art.

It's a superb action game, flawed only by the lack of explanation. Even so it's thoroughly recommended.

Keith Young

Cue for action

Superpool Software Invasion

HAVE you ever sneered when Steve Davis missed a shot and announced to all and sundry "Even I wouldn't have missed that"? I know I have.

Well here's your chance to put your cue where your mouth is, because Software Invasion is giving you the opportunity to play Superpool.

Although not quite in the style or atmosphere of the Crucible Theatre, the game represents a pretty accurate simulation of a game of pool, with six balls, coloured and numbered, and a plan view of a pool table.

All these go to make an attractive and uncomplicated display, with the scoreboard along the top edge of your screen.

You sight your cue ball by moving an indicator along the cushion, and this is where the ball will strike, provided, of course, that there is not a ball in between, which in fact is your aim.

You select the strength of your shot, press Fire and, if you're like me, the white ball then goes into a pocket. Of course a coloured ball should go in, but then I don't need to explain the rules to you, I'm sure.

In the first frame it's made easy, and you can pot any ball in any order. In the second frame you have to pot the balls in number order.

In both these frames it doesn't matter if you hit any



other ball, but in the third frame you may only hit and pot the balls in number order.

There are keyboard or joystick options, and your shot is on a timed basis – run out of time and you lose a life.

All in all this is a very good game, but some things I found offputting. I would have liked the option to remove the timer, because it is not always appreciated, especially in the beginner's game.

I was also a bit dubious about where the balls ended up when certain strengths were selected, and they also have a tendency to suddenly speed up when no other balls

Frustrating but fun...

Spaceman Sid English Software

AS Spaceman Sid you're sent to the planet Tribos to attempt to recapture the Martianoccupied dilithium crystal mines which are essential for Earth's defence.

Your only protection on this barren landscape is your XRS laser-armed Combat Rover.

As you proceed cautiously, jumping over pits, you are confronted by endless hazards - drones and enemy scout ships are only two of the Martian dangers.

Land mines abound too, and there's nothing so unnerving as seeing your wheels dance into the air with gay abandon as you trip over an innocent-looking explosive.

And just wait until you get into the further sectors, where you're finally confronted by the dreaded bases of your fiery enemy

Tempted? You should be. Any potential Sids out there will be positively riveted by this tricky little game. The keys are easy to use. X speeds you forward, Z slows you down, while Shift certainly makes you jump. You tend to use Shift a lot.

Return releases the laser beam to burn the nasty green machines from Mars.

The three progressive levels of play and five sectors, combined with convincing graphics which give a 3D effect to the heavens, produce a fascinating and frustrating game which can keep the family amused for hours.

Keith Young

From Page 37

are involved.

Taking everything into consideration the pros outweigh the cons, and if you want a game that will keep you interested for hours on end you have to go far to find one better than this.

Adam Young



Cut to the quick

Sadim Castle MP Software

IT'S three in the morning and I've just had my throat cut for the umpteenth time.

I've said before that these

MP adventures are getting better, and they are.

How the notting hill do I get through these gates? Why can't I get the shotgun off the farmer? Why don't I just give up and go to bed.

NEXT DAY: Ash...That's how it's done! What? Not again. Right. This time! give up. If anyone out there can solve this adventure – tell me how!

A long time ago Lady Leonara was left at home while her husband went off to war.

While he was gone she took a lover. But, alas, she was caught by Lord Sadim upon his return.

The enraged lord sealed her in her room and left her to die.

Many years later Lord Sadim is killed in an accident. As he lies dying a woman in white is seen laughing over his corpse.

Frequent sightings of this mysterious woman over the ensuing years convince the locals that she is the ghost of the Lady Leonara.

Seeing as how you flunked out with the Blue Dragon the locals offer you one final chance – redeem yourself or retire.

Can you enter the castle, overcome the dangers and give the lady her final peace? Probably not, but at least you can have fun trying.

You find yourself outside the west gate of the castle and your nightmare begins . . .

The game follows the usual MP style of coloured messages and long descriptions. A departure from the norm is the use of real-time and character interaction.

If you sit pondering what to do you invariably see a "time passes..." message. This instils a feeling of panic.

The first time the monk "smiles sadly, blesses you and moves on" you'll be racing after him to try and find out what you should have done!

Two things I found while nosying through the program were the two commands VERSION and MODE, VERSION gave, "Version 1.1 MP software". MODE was a funny one, but it seems to switch between Mode 6 and Mode 7. Yes, I know we don't have Mode 7! Makes you think though, doesn't it?

I'm not sure I can give a valid verdict on this game as I didn't get far enough.

It seems quite hard and is therefore worth recommending but, and it's a big but, you get your throat slit far too often for my liking.

At any rate it compares very well with similar types of adventures and, on balance, is a worthwhile addition to the collection.

Overall, MP adventures are always reasonably priced and as such, are definitely worth buying. Recommended.

Merlin



Real ego buster

Guardian Alligata

BE warned - to play this game you need keen eyesight, quick fingers and lots of luck because here's a program that's determined to bust your ego. Mine went with a bang.

In possession of a fast moving spaceship you've got to stop the alien landers grabbing humans from the planet surface. If they manage to get back into outer space they mutate into pods, swarmers and baiters and come for you.

There's wave after wave of the nasties and you need every one of your three lives as well as the three smart bombs to

ELITE-THE ABSOLUTE 'MUST'

Elite Acornsoft

IT would be an understatement to say that this game has aroused a lot of interest in the computer world. It has already become Acornsoft's bestselling game and it is fast becoming a cult.

So much so that it has left owners of certain other machines wondering when they will be able to get their hands on it!

It comes in the most comprehensive packaging I have seen for a piece of software. Apart from the tape itself, there is a 64 page manual giving details of the game, a summary of the game keys (there are 47), and a short

novella, "The Dark Wheel", which is meant to whet your appetite for the game.

There is even a ship identification wall chart! All this makes the somewhat expensive price look quite reasonable.

Elite has all the addictive qualities of an arcade space battle plus the intellectual challenge of a strategy game.

You play the part of a space trader roaming the galaxy selling your wares from planet to planet with the view of making as much money (credits) as you can.

These credits can then be used to equip your Cobra MkIII space ship. Things to buy include an extra large cargo bay, an extra energy unit and docking computers (essential as manual docking is very long and difficult).

You can also gain credits by shooting down pirate ships and the many asteroids that float aimlessly about.

Shooting down innocent traders or dealing in illegal items (narcotics and slaves) reaps you large profits.

Unfortunately it also brings you to the attention of the police Viper ships.

The kills contribute to your rating, which ranges from harmless through mostly harmless, poor, average, above average and competent.

As your bag grows next comes dangerous, then deadly and finally, after a lot of shooting, you become one of the elite.

Fortunately there is a save game option, enabling you to rest your aching fingers.

You may think that having to use 47 keys in its playing makes controlling the program complex and difficult. This is not so, as many keys are only used on certain occasions.

Having said that, I must admit that at first I found flying my ship quite difficult.

The 3D graphics are stunning and the sound well above average.

The game has an addictive quality which keeps you at the keyboard for hours in the hope of achieving elite status.

No software collection is complete without it.

Ian Critchley

survive for any length of time.

The more aliens you get the more you score - sadly they seem to be on the same bonus

It's a fast moving space game with striking graphics and excellent sound effects. Kids of all ages will love it.

Keith Young

Untidy but tempting

Staff of Law Potter Programs

STOP! Hands up those of you who have never heard of Thomas Covenant

Right! I heareby banish you from this review. Read the next one. It's about frogs or gorillas or something.

As the rest of you are aware. Stephen Donaldson is the best writer of the century and the Thomas Covenant books are the greatest work of fiction ever.

Who? Tolkien? Never heard of him.

Anyway, take another look at the title of this adventure. Ring any bells? Correct. Well, the bad news is that although the story-line originates from the Unbeliever series, it is not about him

You will meet Mhoram, or Moram as he is called here, and the Despiser, but Hile Troy, Elena, the Forestals, Ravers and the rest are

You play the part of the "Chosen" (minus ring). You've been summoned by the high council where you're informed that you are the only one who can defeat the Despiser and return the Staff of Law to Andelain, I mean, Arda.

Here all similarities between the books and this game end. You're now faced with an extremely fiendish adventure during which you'll learn to wire-walk and dive from great heights.

I won't give you any clues. but you will need to know what a dumb waiter is.

There were, however, several things I didn't like. Mode 4 for example. What's wrong with Mode 6?

Also there's no save game facility, surely a definite must for an adventure? And you have to type in nouns in full, for example DRAWBRIDGE, Try typing that in a few times.

Also there are spelling mistakes. Suddenly "You hear a LOAD crash"! Mind you, the way my cassette recorder's been playing up recently, they could be right.

If it seems that I've pulled this adventure to bits, rest assured that, considering the complexity of the plot, these criticisms are a minor consideration.

Also the program is written in Basic and therefore fairly easy to change anyway.

On the plus side is the skill and inventiveness shown by the programmers. Solving this game requires a great deal of thought, as most of the problems will be new to you.

Happily, Potter Programs offers a help service for this and their other adventures one that I expect will be much used.

An excellent adventure that, although it would benefit from tidying up, is still well worth buying. Merlin



Flexible quiz

Answer Back Quiz Junior version

Kosmos Software

THIS series of programs was first designed for the overtwelves. This latest version is for 6 to 11-year-olds and contains a completely new range of topics.

On the cassette are the master program and 15 files of questions, each containing 50 programs on the particular topic.

Topics included on the tape include: nature, music and nursery rhymes, lucky dip, famous people, science, the

British Isles, word fun, around the world, brain strainers, games and sport, books and poetry, fun-sums, TV, films and theatre, spelling and take your chance.

The master program not only presents the questions on file but enables the user to create their own files.

This is an excellent piece of software for the home and school. It can be modified and expanded to meet the needs of the individual user.

The various options have very clear and specific instructions and can be used by someone not familiar with the inner workings of a computer.

They offer a flexibility not often found in such programs.

The child user also experiences a well constructed screen format with a variety that continues to stimulate.

All questions are stored in the file with four answers one answer correct, the others wrong. This enables the computer to present three different types of questions:

- Multiple choice the user presses A, B, C or D.
- True or false one answer appears, the user says whether it is correct or not.
- Complete the answer the user has to fill in missing

In a fourth option the computer presents a selection of different types of questions.

If an answer is correct then the user has the opportunity of saving the princess by dropping from the hot air balloon a sandbag to land on top of the

This encourages children who don't like answering questions alone.

My experience has been that the killing of dragons is not necessary but it does not distract from the guiz itself.

This is an excellent package and it should find its way into many homes and schools.

John Woollard

Let's go crock a Krackat Rubble Trouble

Micro Power

HAVE you ever felt the irresistable urge to pick a fight with a Krackat? No? Then for a new experience, try this game for size.

The world's a mess after a nuclear holocaust and things aren't made any better by mutant flesh-eating turtles called Krackats.

As seems to be the way of things in computer games, you find yourself in a maze, the walls of which are made of boulders.

Your only hope of survival is to use them to crush the little nasties and so gain points.

As if this wasn't enough, a little gauge at the top of your screen tells you the background radiation level. When this gets too high, it's curtains for you. Time is of the essence.

You can push a boulder unless it's blocked by another. In which case, the boulder itself will be crushed. Beware if you miss a Krackat, as the boulder will bounce back and crush your frail bones.

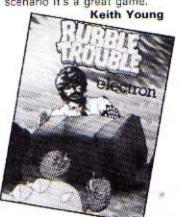
Also avoid boulders marked D, as these contain a bomb and don't like being pushed around. Should you survive all this a bonus life is given at 6,000 points.

The keys are standard - Z and X are for left and right, / and : for up and down. To push a boulder, just stand next to it and hit your Return key.

There are three levels, one of which is ominously entitled the Vanishing Maze.

It's a game to keep all ages amused for hours on end. The first rate graphics really enhance its enjoyment and the sound effects are particularly good as is the music accompanying the instruc-

Despite the dreadful scenario it's a great game.





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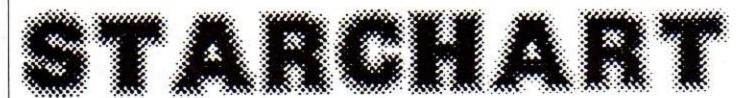
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By ROG FROST

PROCEDURES

PROCintro

PROCcircle PROCconst

PROCstar_place

PROChorizon PROCselect PROCdelay

names\$ no% restore% Sets up arrays and reads in data of constellation names, number of stars in constellations and at which line number star data is held. It also prints up instructions and accepts day and date inputs to work out the value of offset%. Draws the blue circle.

Collects the data to place each star in the constellation.

Converts the polar coordinates for each star into screen coordinates and plots each star.

Draws the horizon line. Allows a chosen constellation to flash. Keeps stars flashing for five seconds.

ARRAYS

Name of constellation, Number of stars in constellation. Program line at which DATA is stored. IF you are interested in Astronomy this program is for you. It draws stars about 200 in all - that are visible in Great Britain.

It is set for Birmingham's latitude but it will be reasonably accurate for anywhere in the British Isles. The stars are grouped in 29 constellations.

Because of the earth's movement around the sun and its spinning rotation we cannot, of course, see all the stars at the same time.

The program draws a second, smaller, circle to include the stars visible at the time and date entered.

A list of constellations is put on the screen, and by using a moving symbol any constellation name can be selected and its stars made to flash.

Incidentally, it is the normal convention for star charts to have North at the bottom because star charts are viewed from below.

Most variables have been given appropriate names and explain themselves.

offset% is set by day% and

time%. It is an angle used to rotate the stars to a position suitable for that day and time. 90 is added as a "fiddle factor" to get the stars in the right place.

The variable day% is calculated on the basis of 12 months of 30 days. Real astronomy purists might like to remove that minor source of

DELAY% at line 590 is set to loop up to 200. This program was written on an Electron. Users of BBC Micros might find a value of 500 easier to manage.

X% and Y% at lines 450/460 are multiplied by 4.5 because the radius of the chart the information was taken from is 100mm and the radius of the computer chart is 450 screen units.

There is one problem with typing in the program. RESTORE numbers are stored as DATA in the program and the renumber command cannot cope with this.

Therefore on no account renumber the program.

Star Chart listing

18 REM STAR CHART 28 REN By Rog Frost 38 REM (C) ELECTRON USE

48 REM

58 MODES

68 PROCintro

78 MODE1

BE PROCcircle

98 FOR const1=1T029 188 PRINTnames (const1)

118 PROCconst (3, no% (const

%) .restore%(const%) .name\$(c

onst (1)

128 NEXT 138 PROCharizan

148 PRDCselect

150 END

168 DEFPROCconst (col 1, no 1

(consti), restorel(consti),n age\$(const%))

178 RESTORE restore%(cons

t1) 188 GCOL8,col%

198 FOR star %=1TOno% (cons

t%):READradius%, angle%

200 PROCstar place tradius

I, angleX)

218 NEXT

228 ENDPROC

230 DEFPROCcircle 249 VDU23; 8202; 8; 8; 8; 8;

258 VDU19,1,4,8,8,8

268 VDU19, 2, 11, 8, 8, 8 278 VDU28,28,31,39,8

288 VDU29,458:558: 298 RI=458

388 PRINT

318 GCOL8,1

328 MOVEB, RI

338 FORrotate%=@TO36@STEP

348 II=SINRAD(rotateI)+RI :YX=COSRAD(rotateX)*RX

350 MOVEB, 0: PLOT85, X1, YX

368 NEXT

378 VDU29, 458; 555;

388 MOVER, 8

398 ENDPROC

400 DEFPROCdelay

418 TIME=8: REPEATUNTILTIM

E>588

428 ENDPROC

438 DEFPROCetar_place(rad

iusZ, angleZ) 448 VDU5

458 IX=SINRAD(angleX+offs

etz) tradiuszt4.5

468 YX=COSRAD(angleX+offs

et%) *radius%*4.5

478 MOVEXT, YX: PRINT"."

488 VDU4

498 ENDPROC

500 DEFPROCselect

518 ypos%=1 **520 REPEAT**

538 COLDURB: PRINTTAB(11, y

005%) ***

548 IF INKEY (-1) ypos%=yp 057+1

558 IF ypos%)29 ypos%=1

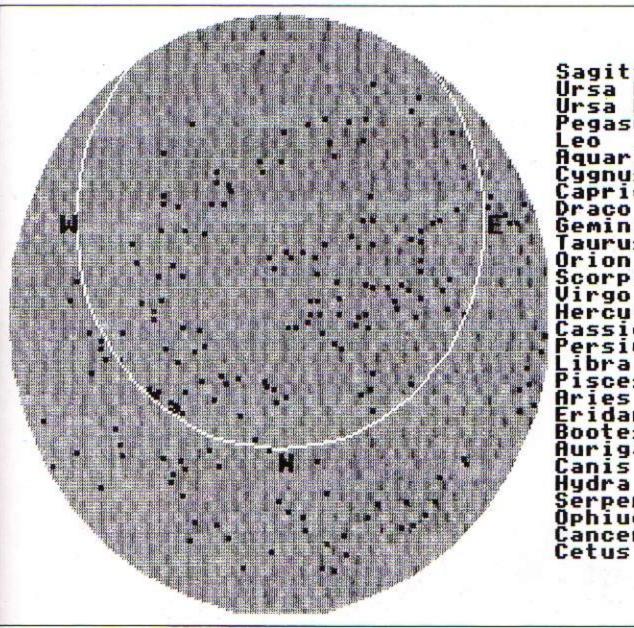
568 COLOUR2: PRINTTAB(11, y

pasZ) ***

578 #FX15.8

588 IF INKEY (-74) PROCcons

t(2,no%(ypos%),restore%(ypo



Sagittarius Major Minor Pegasus Aquarius Cygnus Capricorn Gemini Taurus Scorpio Hercules assiopeia Persius isces Eridanus Bootes Auriga Serpens Ophiuchus ancer

s%),name\$(ypos%)):PROCdelay :PROCconst(3,no%(ypos%),res tore%(ypos%),name\$(ypos%))

598 FOR DELAYX=8T0288: NEX

688 UNTILE

618 ENDPROC

OTE CAPLAGE

628 DEFPROChorizon

638 BCOLE,8

648 VDU29, 458; 698;

658 HOVER.348

668 FOR horizonX=8T0368ST EPS

678 XX=SINRAD(horizonX)+3

688 YX=COSRAD(horizonX)+3

698 DRAWXI,YX

788 NEXT

710 VDU5:8COL0,3:MOVE-4,-350:PRINT*N*:MOVE-368,8:PRI NT*N*:MOVE342,8:PRINT*E*:VD

728 VDU29, 458; 555;

738 ENDPROC

748 DEFPROCIAtro

750 DIMno2(30), restore2(38).name\$(38)

768 FOR NZ=1T029:READnoZ(NI),restoreZ(NI),name\$(NI);

NEXT 778 DATAB, 928, Sagittarius ,7,938, Ursa Major, 7,948, Urs a Minor, 7,958, Pegasus, 9,968 ,Leo, 9,978, Aquarius, 5,988, C

ygnus,6,990,Capricorn 788 DATA11,1880,Draco,7,1 818,Gemini,5,1828,Taurus,7, 1838, Orion, 6, 1848, Scorpio, 9, 1858, Virgo, 11, 1868, Hercule s, 5, 1878, Cassiopeia, 12, 1888, Persius

798 DATA3, 1898, Libra, 3, 11 88, Pisces, 2, 1118, Aries, 7, 11 28, Eridanus, 6, 1138, Bootes, 6, 1148, Auriga, 4, 1158, Canis, 7, 1168, Hydra, 6, 1178, Serpens, 4, 1188, Ophiuchus, 4, 1198, Cancer, 12, 1288, Cetus

888 VDU19;4;8;

BIB PRINTTAB(15,1) "STAR C HART" TAB(15,2)

820 PRINT" This program will draw stars which"" are visible in the Northern". Hemisphere."" You must enter the time on the 24 hr

" clock as Greenwich Mean Time. If it" is British S ummer Time subtract one"" hour to obtain G.M.T.";

838 PRINT" You must also"
"enter the month (1-12) a
nd the date in that mon
th. After all stars are""
drawn a horizon is added. T
his has"" north at the bot
tom, west at the"" left an
d east at the right."

848 PRINT' A list of con stellation names will" ap pear at the right with a fl ashing" star at the side. Press Return to see that

From Page 43

constellation. Press Shift to sove the star down wards."

858 PRINTTAB(3,23)*PRESS SPACE TO CONTINUE*:REPEATUN TILBET=32:CLS

86B IMPUT''''Mhat is the time to the nearest hour? "time!

878 INPUT' "What month is it ?"month%

888 INPUT' "What date is it ?"date?

898 day%=(sonthX-1)+38+da

988 offset1=-(time1+15+da y1+98)

918 ENDPROC

928 DATA98,286,94,284,88, 282,91,288,89,277,97,274,94

,273,95,278

938 DATA28,161,24,161,25, 176,23,188,25,198,25,288,38 ,284

948 DATA8,8,3,278,7,255,1 2,246,9,241,14,238,12,222

958 DATA35,29,48,16,42,8, 58,2,46,8,46,345,57,344

968 DATA58,143,47,147,55, 149,58,158,58,152,52,152,52 ,167,56,167,55,175

970 DATA75,310,73,321,68, 329,78,333,73,342,79,342,83

,346,74,347,81,349 988 DATA49,291,35,295,37,

383,42,310,35,389 998 DATA78,382,88,383,88, 315,81,319,81,323,79,326

1888 DATA28,289,23,228,21, 242,19,254,13,278,18,288,21, 288,25,267,29,268,26,268,2

9,268 1018 DATA58,91,58,94,55,96 ,48,98,51,107,43,111,47,113 1028 DATA55,62,54,63,56,64 ,53,64,56,66 1838 DATA75,76,63,78,69,79 ,78,82,78,84,62,86,74,86 1848 DATA96,243,91,246,89,

245,88,243,84,248,86,238 1858 DATA65,176,68,184,78,

189,63,192,59,195,72,196,75 ,200,68,202,85,210

1860 DATA32,242,54,244,34, 246,52,247,39,249,44,249,46

,253,48,256,58,257,48,268,4 7,264

1878 DATA24,8,26,8,22,13,2 2,28,28,25

1888 DATA26,45,37,47,38,49,49,52,51,53,38,55,49,55,52

,55,58,56,37,58,44,58,51,58 1898 DATABB,221,84,229,88,

232 1180 DATA62,358,64,353,68,

353 1118 DATA53,27,51,33

1128 DATABB, 58,75,53,74,56,89,68,73,68,99,68,76,69

1138 DATA53,213,38,216,45,
216,47,228,37,223,41,227
1148 DATA43,72,36,75,32,76
,46,79,33,85,39,87
1158 DATA82,94,88,99,68,18
9,64,113
1168 DATA62,129,63,131,74,
139,76,158,92,172,86,199,98
,218
1178 DATA58,235,64,235,54,
235,66,236,73,236,56,238
1188 DATA62,253,58,256,59,

262,65,264 1198 DATA57,122,58,127,44, 132,57,132

1288 DATA75,3,82,18,74,16, 71,28,88,25,74,26,69,33,61, 37,68,38,65,39,68,48,64,45

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.



ELECTRON OWNERS

If you are thinking of expanding the capabilities of your Electron computer your first choice should be the ADDCOMM ROM.

ADDCOMM is now well established with BBC 'B' owners and the same chip is used with a ROM board to increase the Electron's BASIC language by forty new commands.

These new statements cover a wide range of utilities such as GRAPHICS, where eleven commands enable any shape to be drawn any size and filled with any colour combination (choice of 2 billion in Mode 2), more easily and faster than you thought possible. The TOOLKIT commands include 'find' and 'replace' statements, and a very efficient 'compact' command all of which put ADDCOMM into the top league of a recent Toolkit comparison review. The GENERAL PURPOSE statements include a sorting routine, and the ability to set up to seven windows on the screen - each with its own cursor. Split listing and jumping to a line via a label are also some of the other useful additions in this section. Eight LOGO GRAPHIC statements provide the necessary routines that when combined with BBC BASIC and ADDCOMM'S enhanced graphics give an exceptional Logo Graphics system.

ADDCOMM is available from Vine Micros, Marshborough, Nr. Sandwich, Kent, CT13 0PG. The price of £28.00 includes V.A.T. and first class post, or, if you would like more details, send a stamp for the sixteen page brochure which includes recent reviews.

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More joy on Plus 1

Are you a Plus 1 owner who wants to expand the number of programs available to you? PAUL JOHNSON of Micro Power comes to your aid

AS the majority of commercial games programs for the Electron were written before the release of the Plus-1, many fail to use it to its full potential.

Most of these programs only work from the keyboard and don't take advantage of the joystick option.

Also, the effect of the Plus-1 can slow down the Electron, which has caused some loading difficulties in the past.

It was to help solve these problems that the program listed here – Joyplus – was written.

It has data for 20 out of the 23 Micro Power games that use joysticks and it can be used for other software houses' games as well.

The missing three MP games – Swag, Frenzy and Cybertron Mission – have had to be omitted owing to one or more of the following reasons:

- The game doesn't leave enough memory for the machine code.
- The game doesn't scan for a key using INKEY.
- The game already works with the Plus-1.

To use the program simply CHAIN it before loading the game you are about to use. That is, you enter:

CHAIN"JOYPLUS"

and press the Return key.

You'll then be presented with a menu consisting of 20 program titles. Simply type the number relating to the game you want to play.

The program will then set up the appropriate code within the machine and ask you to load the game in the normal

One other option presented

along with the menu allows you to define your own keys for a game not listed in the menu.

To use this option type D followed by Return, You'll then be requested to enter a location for the machine code. If in doubt type in 110 followed by Return.

The next request for information relates to the way in which the program scans for a key. The most common method is using negative INKEY, so type N followed by Return.

You'll then be asked to type in the keys of your choice. If a key is not used, type in -, that is, a hyphen.

This ensures that the code will not scan for the unwanted movements on the joystick, saving memory and giving the program a better chance of working first time.

Should the options you have entered not work satisfactorily then you will have to re-load the conversion program and try alternative memory locations.

Failing this, type P instead of N as the method of scanning for a key. If, after all this, the game still does not work then it will probably not be compatible with the Plus-1.

When using games it is necessary to start as if you were about to play the game using the keyboard.

You will find that the keys have no effect and that the relevant movements now correspond to the joystick movements.

Some of the more recent Micro Power games ask you if you wish to use joysticks. This refers to switch type interfaces only, so answer no to this question and then the game



will load as normal.

Any type of joystick, potentiometer or switch type, may be used providing that it is compatible with the Plus-1.

This is how the program works:

All games need input of some kind from the user. The most common way is to scan the keyboard using the INKEY command (equivalent to *FX129) or OSBYTE with A=&81.

When an INKEY command is executed the machine will automatically jump to a location in ROM.

The address is stored as two bytes in locations &20A and &20B.

100 PRINTTAB (5, 26); "D to

If a new address is entered into these bytes it can point to the start of a piece of machine code in memory rather than a location in ROM.

Instead of scanning the keyboard for a keypress, this new code scans the joystick port for a reading.

When it's got a reading it is treated as if it were a key being pressed rather than the joystick being moved.

The program gets round the effect of the Plus-1 slowing the machine down by disabling the Plus-1 and reading the value of joystick directly from the operating system.

This leaves the Electron's speed unaltered.

Plus 1 listing

18 REM JOYPLUS	define keys."
28 REM Plus-1 Joystick C	118 INPUTTAB(5,28); *Pleas
onverter	e choose 1-20 ",A\$
38 REM Version II	128 IFA\$="D"THENPROCHefin
40 REM Written by Paul	e:60T0288
Johnson	138 IFVAL(A\$)(10RVAL(A\$))
50 REN	20THENVDU7: GOTO110
60 DIMneg (5) , key (5) , A\$ (5	148 RESTORE (1538+ (VAL (A\$)
),p(5)	*18)):READA\$
78 MODE1	158 FORIX=1T05
88 VDU19,8,4;8;23,288,25	168 READkey(IX),neg(IX)
5,129,129,129,129,129,129,2	178 NEXT
55:PROCsetscreenup:FORJZ=1T	188 READaddress
020:RESTORE (1530+(J1*10)):R	198
EADA\$	200 REM **** Disable Plu
98 PRINTTAB(5,4+JX);JX;"	s-1 ****
) *: PRINTTAB(18,4+J%); A\$; ". "	
NEXT	
AND STREET OF STREET	

5: neg (II) = 255; key (II) = p (II) CPX4&180-B1:BNE N2:JSR r:JM tik:LDX#61:CMP#178:BCC 001: From Page 45 : NEXT P negpos: N2: 1 BCS FF1 1848 As="" 538 [OPT IX:.OD1:1:1Fb3() 718 790 .calcjoystik:STA4FC78 1858 ENDPROC 228 24212=406 255THENCOPT 11:JSR r:CMP#4F :.L:LDA&FC72:AND#64:BNE L:L 238 7&213=&F1 1868 F: BEQ cheker: 1 DA&FC70:RTS 248 742AC=8 548 IFC1<>255THENCOPT IX: 1978 808 .FF1:LDA#&FF:RTS:.001 1888 250 CPX#&108-C1: BNE M3: JSR d: JM :LDA#8:RTS 268 REM **** Main loop * 1898 P negpos: N3: 3 818 J: IFaddress=110THENPI 1100 IFI\$="N"THENPROCREGIA *** 558 (OPT IZ: . OD3: 1: IFb1() =1178 278 255THENEOPT 11: JSR d: CMP#&F 820 [OPT IX:.normal:PLA:T 288 HODE4 AX:LDA#&81:JMP ordinary:.00 1118 IFI\$="P"THENPROCHOR ak F: BEQ cheker: 1 4: LDY#8: CLC: PLA: RTS: 1 298 FORIX-8TO2STEP2 560 IFD1(>255THENCOPT IX: 1120 RETURN 300 b1=key(1):b2=key(2):b CPX04108-D1: BNE N4: JSR 1: JM 838 ENDPROC 1130 3=key(3):b4=key(4):b5=key(5 P negpos: . N4:] 849 858 1148 1 578 [OPT IX:.OD:]:IFb4()2 868 1158 310 PROCinitiate(neg(1),n 55THENCOPT IZ: JSR 1: CMP#&FF eg(2),neg(3),neg(4),neg(5), 1160 DEFPROCheginkey :BEQ cheker:1 878 888 DEFPROCsetscreenup 580 IFE1(>255THENCOPT IZ: 1178 PROCsetscreenup key(1), key(2), key(3), key(4) .key (51) CPX#4100-E1: BNE N5: JSR fire 898 CLS: COLOUR2: PROCdoubl 1188 RESTORE1268: PRINTTAB(328 PROCcheckjoystick :JMP negpos:.N5:1 e("Electron User", 13,2):COL 2.7): "Define your keys:-":F 338 NEXTIZ 598 IFb5()255THENCOPT IZ: OUR1: COLOUR130: FOR1%-0T039: DRIZ=1T05:READA\$(IX):NEXT:F 348 JSR fire: CMP#4FF: BNE OOF:LD VDU31, IX, 8, 288, 31, IX, 38, 288 ORJZ=1T05: PRINTTAB(2.8+(JZ+ 358 REM ** Re-Point wher Y#8:CLC:JMP OD4:.ODF:JMP no : NEXT: FORIX=8T038: VDU31.0.I 2)): "Press the key to use f e OSBYTE is ## real:] 1,208,31,39,11,208:NEXT:COL or ";A\$(JZ);TAB(31);:FORIX= ** indirected. ** 688 LOPT IZ: JMP normal:.c DUR128: COLOUR3: ENDPROC 1T01888: NEXT 368 heker: JMP 004:]: [Faddress=1 988 1198 FORIX=-1TO-122STEP-1 370 ?&28A=START MDD256:?& 18THENPZ=47F8 918 1200 IFINKEYIZTHENAZ=IZ: IZ 20B=START DIV256 618 [OPT II: negative:LDX 928 DEFPROCdouble(A\$, X, Y) =-122: NEXT: GOT01228 388 VDU19,1,2;8;:IF A\$="" #0:LDY#8:.Jxx1:PLA:LDA#481: 938 FORIZ=ITOLEN(A\$):AX=& 1218 NEXT: 50T01198 RTS:.positive:LDY#&FF:LDX#& THEN 398 ELSE PROCdouble(A\$ A: XX=8: YX=&2F: ?&2F88=ASC (MI FF: BNE Jxx1 1228 p(JX) =- (AX) : RESTORE12 +":-",8,21 D\$(A\$, [7,1)): CALL&FFF1: VDU2 70:FORIX=1TO-(AX):READAAS:N 398 PROCdouble("Now load 628 .negpos: CMP#8: BEQ neg 3,224,7&2F81,7&2F81,7&2F82, EXT: IFAAs=""THEN1198ELSEPRI the game as normal. . 0.5):P ative: BNE positive:] ?&2F02,?&2F03,?&2F03,?&2F04 NTAAS: IFAAS="-"THEND (JX) =25 RINT : END **638 ENDPROC** ,?&2F84,23,225,?&2F85,?&2F8 488 648 5,?&2F86,?&2F86,?&2F87,?&2F 5 418 07,7&2F08,7&2F08:PRINTTAB((1230 NEXT 658 X+IX)-1,Y);CHR\$224 428 668 1248 +FX15,1 678 438 948 PRINTTAB((X+II)-1,Y+1 1250 PRINTTAB(6,25); "Are t); CHR\$225: NEXT: ENDPROC 448 DEFPROCinitiate(A1,B1 680 DEFPROCCHeck joystick hese keys correct (Y/N)?":A 958 ,C1,D1,E1,A,B,C,D,E1 698 IFaddress=110THENPI=& \$=6ET\$: IFA\$="N"THEN1178 388 96€ 458 IFaddress=118THENPX=& 1268 DATA Up, Right, Down, Le 978 DEFPROCdefine 788 [OPT 12 151 ELSEP%=EVAL("&"+STR\$(ad ft,Fire dress)) 718 .fire:LDX#b5:LDA&FC72 980 CLS: PROCsetscreenup 1278 DATA Shft,Ctrl,,,,,, 998 INPUTTAB(5,7); "Type i :AND#16:CMP#8:BNE OO:BEQ FF 468 ordinary=?&28A+(?&28B ****** +256) 728 .r:LDA#4:JSR calciovs n where to locate the code" 1280 DATA 0,3,4,5,f4,8,f7, :TAB(8,9);"(i.e. 118,988,55 478 tik:LDX#b2:CMP#85:BCS DO:BC -, ^, Left C FF 480 START=PI 98) , address 498 [OPT 17:.START: CMP#48 738 .1:LDA#4:JSR calcjoys 1880 INPUTTAB(5,12); "Does 1298 DATA ..., f8, W, E, T, 7 tik:LDX@b4:CMP@178:BCC 00 1: BNE continue: TXA: PHA:.xx1 the program scan for a key" :JMP NEG:.continue:JMP ordi 1388 DATA _, DOWN , , , , , , , 1 748 .FF:LDA#&FF:RTS:.00:L :TAB(7,14); "using -ve INKEY nary: . NES: 1 DAGG: RTS or ordinary"; TAB(15,16); "I 1310 DATA 2,D,R,6,U,O,P,E, 500 IFA1()255THENCOPT IZ: 750 1: IFaddress=110THENPX MKEY (N.P)", I\$: IFI\$(>"N"AND Up CPX#&188-A1:BNE N1:JSR u:JM =4888 1\$(>*P*THEN1888 1320 DATA ,,,,,Caps,A,X,F 760 LOPT II P negpos: .N1:1 1010 GOSUB1100 1338 DATA J.K. e.r. Ret. 518 [OPT 11:.002:3:1Fb2() 778 .d:LDA#5: JSR calciovs 1028 IFIS="N"THENFORIZ=1TO 255THENCOPT IX: JSR u: CMP#4F tik:LDX#b3:CMP#85:BCS 001:8 1348 DATA ,Lock, S, C, S, H, N, 5:neg(IX)=p(IX):key(IX)=255 F:BEQ cheker:1 CC FF1 : NEXT Liil 1350 DATA Del Tab, Z, 520 IFB1(>255THENIOPT 17: 780 .u:LDA05:JSR calcjoys 1838 IFIS="P"THENFORIZ=1TO

Soce 1368 DATA V.B.M. ... /, Copy 1378 DATA .., Escape, f1, f2, f3,f5,f6,f8 1388 DATA f9, \, rght. 1398 ENDPROC 1488 1418 1428 1438 DEFPROCnorakey 1440 PROCsetscreenup 1458 RESTORE1498: PRINTTAB 2.71; Define your keys:-":F ORIZ=1T05: READA\$(1%): NEXT:F DRJZ=1T05:PRINTTAB(2.8+(JZ+ 2)); Press the key to use f or ";A\$(J%);TAB(31);:FORIX= 1T01000: NEXT 1468 AS=GETS: PRINTAS: IFAS= "-"THEND (JZ) = 255; NEXTELSED (JZ) =ASC(A\$): NEXT 1478 #FX15.1 1488 PRINTTAB(6,25); "Are t hese keys correct (Y/N)?":A S=GETS: IFAS="N"THEN1448 1498 DATA Up, Right, Down, Le ft.Fire 1588 ENDPROC 1518 1520 REM **** Data for ga BPS #### 1539 1548 DATA "Bandits at 3 0" clock*,255,66,255,255,255,9 8,255,255,255,67,118 1550 DATA "Bumble Bee",255 ,73,255,67,255,185,255,98,2 55,255,110 1568 DATA "Croaker", 65, 255 ,77,255,98,255,78,255,255,2 55,988 1578 DATA "Danger UXB", 255 ,73,255,67,255,185,255,98,2 55,255,118 1588 DATA *Electron Invade rs*,255,255,255,67,255,255, 255,98,255,1,110 1598 DATA "Escape from Moo nbase Alpha", 255, 73, 255, 67,

255,185,255,98,255,56,118 1688 DATA "Felix and the E vil Weevils*, 255, 73, 255, 67, 255,105,255,98,255,74,118 1618 DATA "Felix and the F ruit Monsters*,255,66,255,4 2,255,98,255,56,255,58,988 1628 DATA "Felix in the Fa ctory*,255,66,255,42,255,98 .255,56,255,58,988 1630 DATA "Galactic Comman der , 255, 255, 255, 51, 255, 255 ,255,66,255,74,110 1640 DATA "Gauntlet", 255,6 6,255,1,255,98,255,99,255,7 4,988 1650 DATA "Shouls", 255, 255 ,255,67,255,255,255,98,255, 74,118 1660 DATA "Jet Power Jack" ,255,255,255,66,255,255,255 ,2,255,74,988 1678 DATA "Killer Gorilla" ,255,73,255,67,255,185,255, 98,13,255,900

1689 DATA "Moonraider", 255 ,82,255,184,255,67,255,183, 255,66,118 1698 DATA "Positron", 255,2 55,255,66,255,255,255,2,13, 255,2988 1788 DATA "Rubble Trouble" ,255,73,255,67,255,185,255, 98,255,74,5500 1718 DATA "Stock Car", 255, 17, 255, 67, 255, 66, 255, 98, 255 ,255,110 1728 DATA "Swoop", 255, 255, 255,67,255,255,255,98,255,1 ,110 1730 DATA "The Mine", 255,7 3,255,67,255,105,255,98,255 .74,118

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Micro Messages

I REALLY must complain about D. Fiveash's letter in the February issue which warns of the Electron Elite.

Firstly, how can anybody expect a computer such as the Electron to have the same capabilities as a computer twice its price, such as the BBC B?

This point has annoyed me constantly. Why can't people, magazines mainly, see that the Electron is a computer, not a cut down BBC B?

Secondly, the Electron version of Elite is magnificent, addictive, including fantastic 3D graphics which would only be expected on a machine with a much larger memory.

No colour is needed, and actually makes the control panel easier to read – which is the only part coloured on the BBC B version anyway.

I don't have flashing on my version and there still is a lot of ships considering the 3-dimensional effects which are unreal.

As to the faulty hyper-drive, Acornsoft will replace old copies for the new one without the bug, as reported in the news section of the February issue.

Even so, the one galaxy available because of the bug is so large, with so many planets, that another galaxy is not really necessary anyway.

Elite is the best graphic/ arcade/adventure game available on the Electron, and probably all other home computers (apart from the Beeb, of course). Worth every penny.— Mark Turner, Melton,

North Humberside.

 You don't happen to have a relation at Acornsoft, do you?

Super battle in space

I FELT I must write to congratulate you on your excellent listing of Space Battle in January's edition of Electron User and feel that this game, used in conjunction with "Plus I" and joystick is as good if not better than many

Don't knock Elite and the Electron

5 ?&228=8:?&221=9:#FX14

commercially available tapes.

So please let's have more listings compatible with Plus I and if possible a listing to enable joystick control of some of your programs from earlier editions.

I feel longer listings are worth all the late nights or early mornings if the end result is as good as Space Battle. For people who dislike typing in long listings your monthly cassette offer must represent excellent value for money.

Keep up the good work - B. Matthews, Wrexham.

Loading snag solved

I BELIEVE I have found a solution to Roland Waddilove's problem of not being able to load programs in Modes 1 and 2 with the Plus 1 fitted, without turning off the joystick option.

The solution is to generate a *FX16,4 call after the program is loaded and running, by using an interrupt:

,2 18 FOR IX = 8 TO 3 STEP 28 PX=1988 38 [48 OPT 1% 58 CLD 68 PHA: TXA 78 PHA: TYA: PHA: PHP 88 CMP #74 98 BNE end 188 LDA #16:LDX #4:LDY #8 :JSR &FFF4 *FX16.4 118 .end PLP:PLA: TAY:PLA: TAX: PLA 128 RTS 138] 148 NEXT 158 PRINT*Press 'J' after program loaded and running ": *F116,8 168 CHAIN"

Line 5 of the program changes the interrupt vector and enables the 'key pressed' event

This program should be run before chaining the software. The J key must be pressed to enable the joysticks after the software has been chained. – Sandesh Alavani, Harrow, Middx.

Shifty tactics

IN your February edition somone asked how to beat the long jump in Micro Olympics.

I've found if Return, Delete and Shift are depressed when the computer is running, his motion is stopped.

So if you press then depress in quick succession (so the motion is almost frame by frame) then stop doing this when he is near the line he only jumps 3 or 4 metres, so you can beat him. It works great – Alan Berry, Alexandria, Scotland.

Cheats never prosper!
 Having said that, any other tips?

Translating for the Silver Reeds

REFERRING to the letter from J. Platt regarding the Silver Reed printer EXP500 (Electron User, January 1985), I experienced similar difficulties for the first few days after my recent purchase but after some experiment I have overcome the problems.

Having put the printer in serial mode the sample basic programs in the printer manual (page 18 to 21) require "translation".

I found that substituting the character commands with VDU commands not only worked but were easier to write (reference to the top of

page 265 of the User Guide will help Mr Platt).

It is important to precede the VDU codes in the range 0 to 31 by VDU 1 as described at the bottom of page 14 of the Plus 1 guide, Failure to do this will result in odd printouts.

I have enclosed a sample translation of one of the programs in the printer manual (No.7 – bold face print). So far I have not run into any other problems with the printer and the print quality is superb. —

David H. Piper, Watford, Herts.

 Many thanks for your letter, Mr Piper. 18 VDU2
28 VDU1,27,1,13,88;
38 PRINT"SAMPLE OF ";
48 A\$="BOLDFACE"
58 FOR N= 1 TO LEN(A\$)
55 FOR M= 1TO 3
48 VDU1,27,1,31,1,2;
78 PRINT HID\$(A\$,N,1);
75 NEXT M
88 VDU1,27,1,31,1,12;
98 PRINT HID\$(A\$,N,1);
108 MEXT
118 VDU3

128 END

Joystick conversion

FOR all those who are sensitive about their Electron's keyboard, here's a joystick conversion program that allows you to use joysticks via a First Byte interface with Micro Olympics. - C. Dunkley, Nottingham.

· Thanks for the listing. The guys who wrote the program feel that it makes things a little too easy.

They also point out that there's no such thing as a standard joystick, so the game will vary in difficulty from player to player.

18 MODE6 28 REM

38 REM 'MICRO OLYMPICS'-FIRST BYTES JOYSTICK' conv erter.

48 REM by C. Dunkley 58

60 FORN=0TO1

78 P%=&118

88 [OPT0: PHA: TYA: PHA: TXA :PHA

98 LDA&FCC8

100 CMP#123: BNEn1:LDY

#49: JMPnn

118 .nl CMP#119:BNEnr:LDY #50: JMPnn

128 .nr CMP#111:BNEnd:LDY

130 .nn LDX#0:LDA#138:JSR AFFF4

140 .nd PLA: TAX: PLA: TAY: P LA:RTS: 1

150 NEXT

178 REM If 'BREAK' is pre ssed lines 178 & 180 will h ave to be re-entered.

188 REMin order to re-ini tialise the convertion rout ine.

200 ?4228=410:?4221=401

218 #fx14 4

220 STOP

My choice

HERE's my list of BBC software which works on the Electron:

Frogger (A&F), Dare Devil (Denis-Vision), Meteors

(Acorn Soft), Cybertron Mission (Micropower), Moonraider (Micropower) and Cowboy Shootout (Micropower

All these games need no alterations to run successfully on the Electron. - Glen Morgan, Midhurst, Surrey.

... and mine

I AM writing to tell other Electron users of games for the BBC Micro which run on the Electron

Versions of Dare Devil Dennis, Vortex, 3D Bomb Alley, Arcadians, Planes, Croaker, Aviator, Database, Birdie Barrage, Snooker, Danger UXB, Overdrive and Felix in the Factory all work.

They are all slower and the sound is not as good but they are playable.

Does anyone know of any Electron user groups in Bristol? I would like to boast some of my high scores on some popular games. They are as follows:

Positron 405.385 Overdrive 22.485 Mr Whiz 5,028 Cylon Attack 2,028 Guardian 59,528

You may not believe the score on Positron but it is true well almost because I have a Power Software joystick interface and have redefined the fire key on method 2 which makes it rapid fire. - J.A. Gooding, Filton Park. Bristol

Base error

CAN I point out that there are a number of errors in the Base program of February's Electron User, I should know. because I wrote it.

Wherever there should be an OSCLI statement such as OSCLI "FX15" this is printed

Electron User?

WHAT would you like to

see in future issues of

picked up that could

opportunity to share

help other readers?

your experiences.

What tips have you

Now's here is your

Remember that these

are the pages that you

write yourselves. So

as "FX15" without the OSCLI. This may possibly be because you printed the program from a BBC with Basic I. - Mark Fenton, Bury.

· You're right, Mark, the OCLIs are missing from the listing. We must have used a Basic I BBC, but for the life of us we can't remember how or

Our apologies. The correct lines are given below:

490PROCOBI ("NUMBER ?",1,V POS+2,1):OSCLI"FX15":INPUTL INE "AS

850CLS: PROCdb1 ("Decimal T o Hexadecimal",1,1,1):PROCd b1 ("NUMBER ?",1,4,1): OSCLI" FX15": INPUTLINE" A\$

910CLS:PROCdb1(*Decimal T o Binary",1,1,1):SUM=0:PROC db1 ("NUMBER ?",1,4,1): OSCLI "FX15": INPUTLINE" A\$

1870CLS: PROCdb1 ("Hexadecia al To Decimal",1,1,1):PROCd bl ("HEX NUMBER WITH "&" ?". 1.3.1):OSCLI"FX15":INPUTLIN E" AS

1130CLS: PROCdb1 ("Hexadecia al To Binary",1,1,11:PROCdb 1 ("HEX NUMBER WITH '&' ?".1 ,3,1):OSCLI*FX15": INPUTLINE

Interesting effects

BECAUSE of the lack of the 6845 video controller on the Electron, it is impossible to use hardware scrolling.

Despite this, something must be doing the job. I wondered if there are any VDU 23 commands or memory locations which can be used to produce interesting effects, as described in the BBC Advanced User Guide.

I have only managed to turn the cursor on or off but not

tear yourself away from your Electron keyboard and drop us a line. And please, if you want a reply, enclose an SAE. The address is:

Micro Messages Electron User Europa House 68 Chester Road Hazel Grove Stockport SK7 5NY. alter the height or Hash rate. Could you give me any details on this subject?

Also I would be interested to know why the Electron slows down as the size of a Basic program increases. - S. Roberts, Wolverhampton.

Acorn's answer

I WROTE to Acorn before Christmas about the Plus-1 I purchased and its incompatibility with existing software on the market.

If it was not for Electron User I would have kept having to remove my Plus-1 when certain games were loaded.

Anyway they sent me a short program, different to the one you published, which can be saved and loaded before these games.

18 *FX163,128,1 28 AX=&AA: XX=&88: YX=&FF 30 !480=USR&FFF4:AX=481 :AX?12=8

I would also like to say I agree with D. Fivearch of Tolsworth, Surrey about his comments on Elite which on the Electron with the same 32k memory as the BBC B is for inferior.

There is no colour, the planets look like a 50 pence piece and the most upsetting of all no Thargoids.

The game is also rather difficult because of lack of the joystick option that is offered on the BBC.

No galactic hyperdrive means that the game is only an eighth of the size it should be. Let's hope Acorn listens to our comments. After all we are the people who buy the software and hardware. - D.M. Bell. Manchester.

With evil intent . . .

PAGE 6 of Acorn's Electron User Guide says: 'Then press any keys you like on the keyboard - as many as you like you cannot damage the computer whatever you press!

As some unfortunate user will have found accidentally this is wrong. Type in the

following program, and just before you run it be ready to press Esc.

> 10 *MOTOR 1 20 *MOTOR 0 30 GOTO 10

I'm sure many are glad to have been near Esc — the horrible noise is the cassette filing system's motor control switch bashing on and off very quickly.

Clearly a violent action in such a delicate piece of equipment. There must be some other instances of harmless commands pressed in that are supposedly safe, but will not "damage the computer whatever you press!" — James Barclay, Doncaster, S. Yorks.

 In point of fact what the guide talks about is pressing any key, not typing in a diabolically designed program.
 Anyway, it's the cassette that would suffer, not the computer itself!

Only two Pluses

IN the news section of your February edition of Electron User it shows a picture and a write up of the Plus 3.

Does this interface fit around the Plus 1 so you can have both printer and disc interface? Also is there such a thing as the Plus 2 interface?—lan Arrowsmith, Brentwood, Essex.

 The Plus 3 comes between the Plus 1 and the Electron, so you can still use the printer. If there is a Plus 2 on the way we haven't heard of it.

Right on the ball

I HAVE recently purchased an Electron and I have one question to ask — "where are all the peripherals?"

How on earth do Acorn expect the Electron to keep up with competition — Sinclair and Commodore — when there isn't a disc drive, modem or even speech synthesiser for the Electron?

I have seen the Electron Plus 1 and would like to think that this is a sign of things to come. - Jo Castle, Nuneaton, Warks.

• Where have you been Jo? There is a disc drive (the Plus 3), and there's going to be an RS232 to allow modems to be used. You'd be better off asking when the Sinclair and Commodores are going to have a built-in assembler or structured Basic.

Wasted hours

AS a relative newcomer to programming I am actively trying to absorb as much as I can in the limited spare time that I have available.

This aften means working into the early hours of the morning on my son's Electron – it's the only time he will let me on it!

I have been using your listings to improve my input skills and to try and learn something of how the programs work.

However my success rate in getting them to run is fairly low. This often leads to complete frustration around 2 o'clock in the morning because of some error message that I cannot untangle.

My youngest son would very much like to play the Farmyard Fun game listed on pages 33/56 of the February issue of Electron User, but I have come to a grinding halt with an error message informing me of a missing) at line 470

I have checked the typing and that looks OK, and not knowing what the longer instruction means, I cannot fathom it logically.

I have tried inserting brackets on a less scientific basis, but that has not helped.

I know that typing errors on your part do creep in from time to time, and I wonder if this is the cause. Can you help please?

If this is the case, then I am going to be very reluctant to spend hours typing in listings in future in view of the risk of having to abort due to a typing error that I cannot resolve.

Could you not publish directly from a printer output, instead of re-typing? - J.L. Young, Billericay, Essex.

 First of all Mr Young, our listings are taken directly from a printer output and have been since the magazine was first published.

Having said that we know that it's very frustrating when a listing doesn't work but it's nearly always caused by a typing error. On the (touch wood) rare occasions when there is a listing error you'll find the amendments in Micro Messages.

Top scores

AFTER reading about the Killer Gorilla high-score I set about beating it. No chance!

So taking out the flagship of my software collection Cyberton Mission by Program Power, I decided to try and achieve a good enough score to warrant tearing myself away from my Electron and writing to you, and at last I think I've done it.

Can anyone beat 29,570 that's on the fourth level — also I have managed to clear 2.41 metres on the high jump in Micro Olympics. I have beaten the runner in the 100m by a clear second.

Other hopefully notable achievements include 5,060 on Swoop (P.P.) and 11,520 on Croaker (P.P.). So how about a Hall of Fame just for Electron users? – Andrew Clark, Farnborough, Hants.

No conversions

COULD you tell me if there is such a thing as a Spectrum to Electron converter with which you can run Spectrum software on the Electron. – Richard Ousey, Leicester.

 It's a nice idea but alas the answer is – no. There are enough problems converting BBC Micro programs to run on the Electron!

User port information

COULD you find it in your hearts to print an article on machine code, and also what about following The Micro User's example and putting on a bodybuilding course?

That brings me to my question. I want to build a

robot to plug into the back of my Electron, but know nothing about the user port except it has an 18 volt power supply. Any information would be welcome. — Scott Mitchell, Glasgow.

 We are told that Acorn Customer Services can supply an application sheet on the Electron expansion socket.

The best way at the moment would seem to be to use a Plus 1 interface and plug into the ROM expansion sockets. Commercial devices will be available to do this.

Rotating circle

I HAVE been searching high and low in books and magazines for a program in which a large circle will rotate.

Please can any genius out there work out a program to help me? - Mark Frost, Weston-Super-Mare.

 We are not sure exactly what you mean, but have little doubt that either Allen Plume's second animation article in February's Electron User or Roland Waddilove's Polygram in this issue will solve your problem.

Confusion reigns

I SWITCHED my Electron on and was about to write a program. I typed OLD and pressed Return. I then typed 10 MODE 2 and pressed Return.

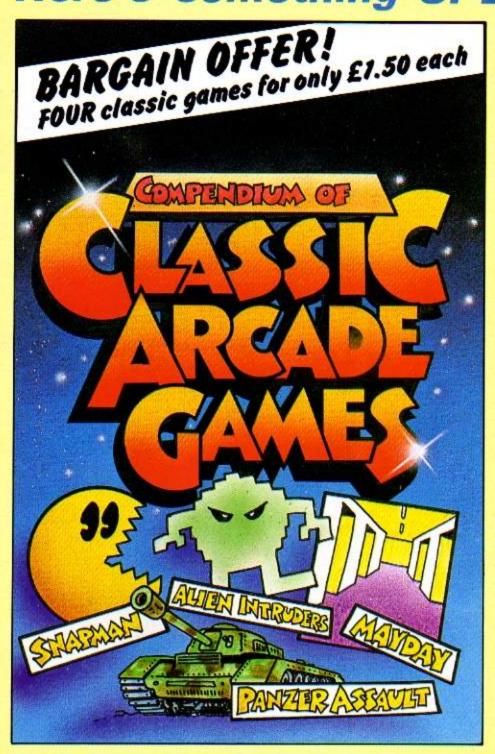
The cursor went to the next line but there was no "More Than" sign. I pressed Escape and nothing happened. I then pressed all the other keys and the only one that did anything was Break.

Why did the computer do this? - Richard Taylor, Crowborough, East Sussex.

 We suspect that after OLD you got a "Bad program" message that you haven't told us about.

What's happened is that you've confused the poor beast. You've said that there was a program in it but there isn't. Try NEW between OLD and 10 MODE 2 and you'll find things are OK.

Here's something SPECIAL from



Please send concluded control c	☐ Electron tape £5.95 ☐ BBC Micro tape £5.95 ☐ BBC Micro disc £7.95 (Please tick)
Name	
Address	



We've commissioned four rip-roaring games for the Electron and BBC Micro

Three of this highpowered collection
are top-rate machine-code
versions of arcade classics
and the fourth is a
thrilling real-time
adventure game.
There's hours of
enjoyment and something
to suit everyone in this
unique value for money
collection

SNAPMAN – Guide your man through the maze as he munches energy pellets and avoids hostile aliens

ALIEN INTRUDERS -

With only your laser for protection you must destroy the waves of aliens who threaten to engulf you

PANZER ATTACK – You are a tank commander engaged in vicious combat against encircling enemy forces

MAYDAY – A futuristic adventure! As captain of an interstellar cruiser you must guide the sole survivor of a stricken space freighter through the wreckage of his craft. If you fail to recover those vital medical supplies a whole planet is doomed!

Make light work of listings

To save your fingers most of the listings in Electron User have been put on tape.

On the introductory tape:
ANAGRAM Sort out the jumbled letters. DOODLE Multisoloured graphics. EUROMAP Test your geography. KALEIDOSCOPE Electron graphics run riot.
CAPITALS New upper case letters. ROCKET. WHEEL, CANDLE Three tineworks programs. BOMBER Drog the bombs before you crash. DUCK Simple animation. METEORS

On the February 1984 tape:
NUMBER BALANCE Test your
powers of mental arithmetic.
CALCULATOR Make your Electron
a calculator. DOILIES Multi-coloured
patterns galore TOWERS OF
HANOI The sge old puzzle. LUNAR
LANDER Test your skill as an
astronaut. POSITRON INVADERS
A version of the old arcade favourite.

On the March 1988 tape:
CHICKEN Let dangerous drivers
test your nerve. COFFEE
A tantalising word game from Oown
Under. PARKY'S PERIL Perky's
lost in an invisible maze.
REACTION TIMER How fast are
you? BRAINTEASER A pazzling
program. COUNTER Mental
antimetic can be lunt PAPER,
SCISSORS, STONE Out guess
your Electron. CHARACTER
GENERATOR Create shapes with
this utility.

On the April 1984 tape; SPACEHIKE A hopping areads classic. FRIEZE Electron wellpaper PELICAN Cross rands safely. CHESSTIMER Clock your moved. ASTEROID Space is a minefeld. LIMERICK Automatic rhymes. ROMAN Numbers in the arcient way, BUNNYBLITZ The Easter program. DOGDUCK The classic logic game.

On the May 1984 tape:
RALLY DRIVER High speed car
control. SPACE PODS More affired
to annihilate. CODER Secret
messages made simple. FRUIT
MACHINE Spin the wheels to wit.
CHASER Avoid your apponent to
survive. TIC-TAC-TOE Electron
boughts and crosses. ELECTRON
DRAUGHTSMAN Create and social
Electron masterpiaces.

On the June 1984 tapa:
MONEY MAZE Avoid the ghosts to
get the cash CODE BREAKER A
mastermind is needed to back the
code. ALIEN Sas little green men
the Electrary way! SETUP Colour
commands without tears.
CRYSTALS Beautiful graphics.
LASER SHOOT OUT An
intergalactic shooting guillery.
SMILER Have a nice day!

On the July 1984 tape:
GOLF A day on the links with your
Electron. SOLITAIRE The classic
subto logic game. TALL LETTERS
Lespe characters made simple.
BANK ACCOUNT Keep track of
your money. CHARTIST 3D graphs.
FORMULAE Areas, volumes and

On the August 1984 tape: SANDCASTLE The Electron seaside outing, KNOCKOUT Bouncing balls batter brick walls. PARACHUTE Keep the skydivers dry. LETTERS Large littlers for your screen. SUPER-SPELL Test your spelling. ON YOUR BIKE Pedal power comes to your Peetron. SCROLLER Sliced strings slide sideways.

On the September 1994 tage:
HAUNTED HOUSE Areade action
in the spirit world. SPLASH A logic
game for non-assimmers. SORT
SHOWS How sorting algorithms
work. SORT TIME The time they
take CLASSROOM INVADERS
Multicoloured characters go to
school. SALLOR Neutical arrios.
MATHS TEST Try out your mental
owners.

On the October 1984 tape: BREAKFREE Classic areade action. ALPHASWAP A logic game to strain your brain. SOUND GENERATOR Tame the Electron's sound channels.

sound channels.
MULTICHARACTER
GENERATOR Complex characters
made simple. RIGEL 5 Out of his
world graphics. MAYDAY Help wit
your mone code. NOTEBOOK
Patingromes and string handling.

On the November 1984 tape: STAR FIGHTER Anti-alieri missions, SCROLLER Wrap around machine code. URBAN SPRAWL Environmental action game. SPELL Alphabetic education. JUMPER Level headed action. CAESAR Code brashing broken. KEYBOARD Typing game.

On the December 1984 tages:
CHRISTMAS BOX Align the
presents logically. SILLY SANTA
Sort out the muddle SNAP Match
the Xmas pictures. RECOVERY The
8ad Program message tamed.
CAROL Interrupt drives music.
AUTODATA A program that grows
and grows. NOTEBOOK Simple
string handling.

On the January 1985 tape: SPACE BATTLE Destroy the deadly descending alternal NEW YEAR A sound and greptics greating. ESCAPE FROM SCARGOV Mineheld action. PIE CHART Statistics made simple. CLAYPIGEON An Electron birdshoot ORGAN Music maestro please! NOTEBOOK An priginal program RANDOM NUMBERS Cript to random! SNAKES Reptilean arcade action. CHEESE RACE Best rivel mice.

On the February 1985 tape:
CRAAL The Investifying maze
adventure, BOUNCY Addictively
amoning action, PAIRS Can you
remember the cards? BASE A
Butary/hexadecimal observation utility.
CATCHER Collect the eggs before
they break CLOCK Time-keeping
utility, RACER Grand Prix action,
NOTEBOOK Graphics windows.
TRIG All the right angles.

On the March 1985 tape:

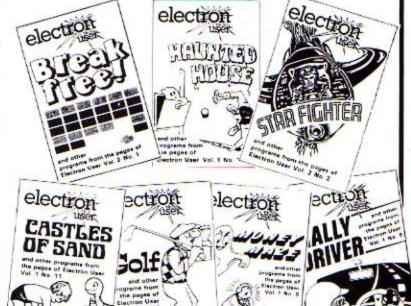
MR, FREEZE be cube arcade action. SCREENDUMP Two procedures for printer dumps.

FILLER The machine code fill routine. FRED'S WORD GAME Educational fun. BIG LETTERS Large text utility. PERCY Beat the burning fuse. ANIMATION Two example programs. PIGS Fying batter. NOTEBOOK Display formatting.

On the April 1985 tape:
SUPER ARCHER Target practice.
BINARY SEARCH Search data
efficiently. JOYPLUS Switched
joyatich rectine, ODD ONE OUT
Educational fun. POLYGONS 3D
rotation. MONEY CRAZY Arcade
action. STARCHART The night sky.
FORTUNE TELLER HORSCOPE.
COLLISION DETECTION After
encounters. HILO Guessing game.
NOTEBOOK Helilo to assembler.









HOW TO ORDER

Please send me the following Electron User cassette tapes:

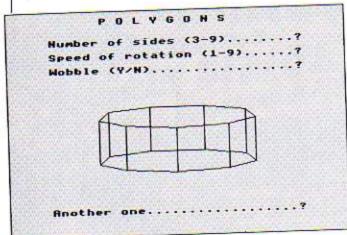
Eleven programs from our April 1985 issue C
Sixteen programs from the March 1985 issue C
Fourteen programs from the February 1985 issue C
Ten programs from our January 1985 issue C
Nine programs from the December 1984 issue C
Nine programs from the Nevember 1984 issue C
Nine programs from the October 1984 issue C
Nine programs from the September 1984 issue C
Nine programs from the September 1984 issue C
Ten programs from the July 1984 issue C
Ten programs from the July 1984 issue C
Ten programs from the June 1984 issue C
Twelve programs from the May 1984 issue C
Eleven programs from the May 1984 issue C
Eleven programs from the May 1984 issue C
Twelve programs from the May 1984 issue C
Eleven programs from the March 1984 issue C
Twelve programs from the February 1984 issue C
Nine programs from the February 1984 issue C
Seprograms from the introductory issues C

I enclose the sum of

Name Address

POST 10: Tape Offer, Electron User, Europa House, 68 Chester Road, Hazel Grove, Stockport SK7 5NY.

EU/4



Give your graphics the poly-wobbles

Making a polygon wobble by ROLAND WADDILOVE

HAVE you seen the spinning, tumbling spaceship in Acornsoft's Elite when the program has loaded? Amazing isn't it?

It was this that inspired me to write Polygons, a short program that can spin and wobble any regular solid polygon.

It's not a patch on the routine that Elite authors David Bell and Ian Braben have written, but for simple polygons is actually faster.

The program, although it may look very complicated, is actually quite simple and is based on an ellipse.

A cube when viewed end on looks like a square as the other five sides cannot be seen.

If you now rotate the cube the four corners will describe a circular path, see Figure I. In fact a circle can be drawn through the corners of any regular polygon.

Now try to imagine a circle at an angle – it will appear to be an ellipse. Draw a circle on a piece of paper and tilt it and you will see what I mean.

The four corners of the top face of the cube when rotated now travel an elliptical path, as in Figure II.

So to draw a 3D perspective view of a cube all that is necessary is to pick four equidistant points on the circumference of one ellipse for the top face, and join them to four identical points on another ellipse for the bottom.

Thinking back to my school days, I dimly recalled that any point x, y on the circumference of an ellipse can be calculated using a bit of trigonometry, see Figure III.

I'll call the length of the major axis major, and the minor axis minor.

The equations are:

x=major*COS (theta) y=minor*SIN (theta)

Program I plots every point for theta=0 to 360 degrees.

If you try it you will find that

18 REM PROGRAM I
20 MODE 4
38 major=200:minor=50
40 FOR theta=0 TO 360
50 x=major*COS(RAD(theta
))
68 y=minor*SIN(RAD(theta
))
78 PLOT 69,x,y
80 NEXT

Program I

it is tucked away in the bottom left hand corner of the screen and only one quarter is visible. This is because it is drawn around the origin 0,0.

We need it in the centre of the screen so either the origin could be moved using VDU 29 or a constant could be added to the x and y coordinates.

Program II uses this second method to place the ellipse at 640,600.

By altering the two constants in lines 50 and 60 the 18 REM PROGRAM II

28 MODE 4

30 major=200:minor=50

48 FOR theta=8 TO 368

58 x=648+major+COS(RAD(t

68 y=688+minor+SIN(RAD(t

heta))

78 PLOT 69,x,y

88 NEXT

Program II

ellipse can be placed anywhere on the screen.

See for yourself. Just edit 50 and 60, replacing the two constants 640 and 600 with your own values.

As you have probably noticed, plotting every point is painfully slow.

Don't worry. As we progress it will get faster.

Program III draws the same ellipse but using DRAW rather than PLOT.

It is necessary to move to

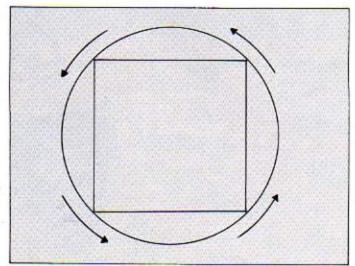


Figure I: Circular path of a cube's far corners

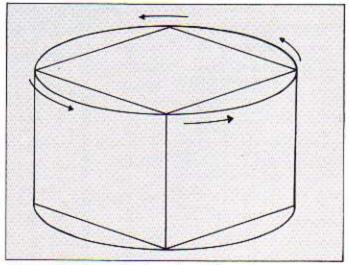


Figure II: Elliptical path when viewed from above

10 REM PROGRAM III	heta))
28 MODE 4	78 y=688+minor+SIN(RAD(t
30 major=200:minor=50	heta))
48 MOVE 840,688	88 DRAW x,y
59 FOR theta=8 TO 368	98 NEXT
68 x=648+major+COS(RAD(t	

Program III

	18	REM PROGRAM IV	68 x=648+major+COS(RAD(t
	28	HODE 4	heta))
	30	eajor=200:einor=50	78 y=688+minor+SIN(RAD(t
	48	MOVE 848,688	heta))
	58	FOR theta=8 TO 368 ST	80 DRAW x,y
EP	72		98 NEXT

Program IV

theta))
78 x2=648+major+CDS(RAD(
theta+72))
88 y2=688+minor+SIN(RAD(
theta+72))
90 MOVE x1,y1:DRAW x2,y2
100 NEXT

Program V

the first point before drawing anything. To see why leave out line 40 and watch what happens.

The FOR/NEXT loop that we have used so far has 360 steps with theta being incremented by 1, the default STEP. each time round (actually 0 to 360 is 361 but the first is the same as the last).

What would happen if there were only five steps - STEP 72. (360/5)? Only five lines would be drawn, a pentagon.

Edit line 50 in Program III to produce Program IV, which draws a pentagon viewed at an angle.

If we wanted a square then the step would be 360/4 or 90 since it has four sides.

Program V draws the same pentagon but in a different way. The coordinates of the first corner are calculated, x1,y1, then the coordinates of the next corner x2,y2.

The two corners are joined with a MOVE and DRAW in

theta+72))
98 x3=648+major+COS(RAD(
theta+72))
188 y3=458+minor+SIN(RAD(
theta+72))
118 x4=648+major+CDS(RAD(
theta))
128 y4=458+minor#SIN(RAD(
thetal)
138 MOVE x1, y1: DRAW x2, y2
148 DRAW x3, y3: DRAW x4, y4
158 NEXT

18 REM PROGRAM VII	theta+72))
28 MODE 4	188 x3=648+major#COS(RAD)
30 major=200:minor=50	theta+721)
48 FOR angle=8 TO 72 STE	118 y3=458+minor#SIN(RAD)
P 6	theta+72))
58 FOR theta=angle TO 28	128 x4=648+major +COS (RAD (
8+angle STEP 72	theta))
68 x1=648+major+COS(RAD(138 y4=458+minor+SIN(RAD(
theta))	thetal)
78 y1=688+minor*SIN(RAD(140 MOVE x1,y1:DRAW x2,y2
theta))	150 DRAW x3, y3: DRAW x4, y4
88 x2=648+major+COS(RAD(160 NEXT
theta+72))	178 key=INKEY(188):CLS
98 y2=688+minor+SIN(RAD(180 NEXT

Program VII

line 90. The loop limit is 288 as 288+72=360.

So we can now draw any polygon as if seen at an angle to the horizontal. Simply alter the size of the step in line 40.

For an n sided polygon the STEP is 360/n and the limit is 360-n.

A solid polygon has a top and bottom joined by straight sides. We can draw our pentagon anywhere on the screen by altering the constants added to the x and y

coordinates, so if we draw two, one beneath the other. and join the corners then we will have our solid, Figure IV. Program VI does this.

To spin the polygon all that is necessary is to move the first corner a little further round the ellipse, so instead of theta starting at 0 we could start at 5 or 10 or 15.

Each time it is drawn it will have moved round by that

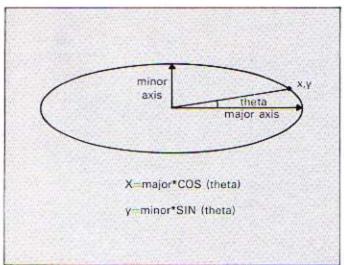


Figure III: How ellipses can be calculated

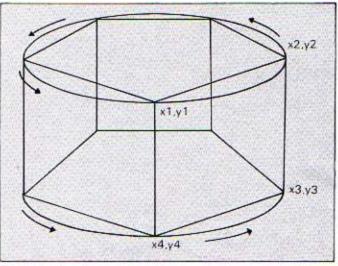


Figure IV: A solid pentagon

From Page 55

amount. Program VII will spin the pentagon slowly in an anticlockwise direction.

It can easily be altered to spin any polygon by altering the value of STEP and the limit.

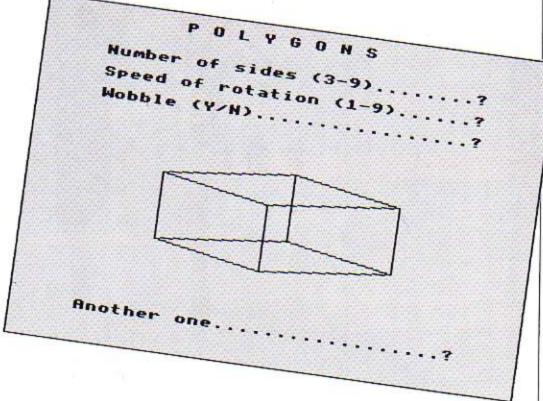
The program as it stands is quite neat but far too slow. What we need is a bit of machine code to speed it up.

The final program uses Basic to calculate all the coordinates which are stored in a table starting at &3000.

The machine code then runs through this table, picking up the coordinates and uses VDU 25 to move and draw the lines.

The technique that Polygon uses is identical to program VII except that the minor axis is varied if the wobble option is selected.

I'll leave you to puzzle out how it works.



```
18 REM **** POLYGONS ***
   20 REM +By R.A. Waddilov
   30 REM *For Electron Use
   48 MODE 4
   50 PROCinitialise
   60 REPEAT
   78 PRINT TAB(5.4) Number
 of sides (3-9)"; FNdots;
   80 PROCkey ("3456789")
   98 sides=VAL kev$
  188 angle=368/sides
  118 ?data1=360/sides/6
  120 ?data2=4#sides
  130 PRINT TAB(5,6) "Speed
of rotation (1-9) :FNdots;
  140 PROCkey (*123456789*)
  158 ?speed=VAL key$
  160 PRINT TAB(5,8) Wobble
 (Y/N) "; FNdots:
  170 PROCkey ("yn")
  188 PRINT TAB(16,17) "Thin
king ... "
  198 AX=43000: YX=58
  200 PROCdata (-sides)
  210 PROCdata(-sides)
  228 PROCdata(sides)
  238 PROCdata(sides)
  240 PRINT TAB(5,28) Press
a key (and wait) to end ":
*FX21.8
  250 VDU 28,18,23,29,13
 268 CALL 4988
```

```
28) "Another one"; FNdots;
  280 PROCkey ("yn")
  298 UNTIL keys="n"
  300 END
  318
  328 DEF PROCdata(VX)
  330 FOR JX=0 TO (360/side
5)-6 STEP 6
  340 YX=YX+(VX AND key$="y
  350 FOR IX=JX TO 368-angl
e+J% STEP angle
  368 cos=648+388+COS (RADIX
  378 sin=SIN(RADIX)
  380 cos1=640+300+COS(RAD(
II+angle))
  398 sin1=SIN(RAD(IX+angle
1)
  408 ?AX=4:AX!1=cos:AX!3=5
36+Y11sin: A1=A1+5
  410 ?AX=5:AX!1=cos1:AX!3=
536+YZ*sin1:AZ=AZ+5
  428 ?AX=5:AX:1=cos1:AX:3=
336+YZ#sin1:AZ=AZ+5
  430 ?AX=5: AX!1=cos: AX!3=3
36+YX+sin: AX=AX+5
 448 NEXT
  450 NEXT
 460 ENDPROC
 478
 480 DEF PROCinitialise
 498 #FX229.1
 500 +FX11.0
 518 +FX16.8
```

528 VDU 19,8,4;8;23,1,8;8

;8;8;	
538	DRAW 8,1823: DRAW 1276
,1823	
548	DRAW 1276, 8: DRAW 8,8
	PRINT TAB(11,1) "P 0 L
	0 N S"
568	address=470:counter=4
72	
578	count2=473:temp=474
	count3=476: speed=477
590	data1=&88:data2=&81
600	oswrch=!&20E AND &FFF
F	
	osbyte=!&28A AND &FFF
F	
	PX=4900
638	C OPT 2
	.code
	LDA #408:STA address
	LDA #438:STA address+1
	LDA #4:STA count2
	.100p3
	LDA data1::STA counter
	.loop1
	LDA speed:STA count3
	.wait
	LDA #19:JSR osbyte
	DEC count3: BNE wait
	LDA #12: JSR oswrch
768	LDX data2
	.loop2 LDY #8
	LDA #25: JSR oswrch
798	LDA (address), Y: JSR o
surch	
	INY:LDA (address),Y:J
SR osk	rch

818 INY:LDA (address),Y:J SR oswrch 828 INY:LDA (address),Y:J SR oswrch 838 INY:LDA (address), Y:J SR oswrch 848 CLC 858 LDA address: ADC #5:ST A address 868 LDA address+1:ADC #8: STA address+1 878 DEX: BNE 10002 880 DEC counter: BNE loop! 898 DEC count2: BNE loop3 988 LDA #129:LDY #8:LDY # 8: JSR osbyte 918 TYA: BNE code 928 RTS 938 1 948 ENDPROC 958 960 DEF FNdots=STRING\$ (34 -POS. *. ") + "?" + CHR\$ (8) + CHR\$ (7) 978 988 DEF PROCkey(a\$) 998 REPEAT key\$=CHR\$(GET DR 321 1000 UNTIL INSTR(a\$, key\$) 1818 PRINT key\$: 1020 ENDPROC

This listing is included in this month's cassette tape offer. See order form on Page 61.

270 PRINT CHR\$ (26); TAB (5,



Can you spot a word that's the odd-one-out before the yacht sails across the screen? STEVE LUCAS sets the challenge

THIS game was written with the aim of being both educational and at the same time being fun to play.

It was originally intended for children from 7 to 11 years of age, but can be used by students of all ages if the words held in the data lines are changed.

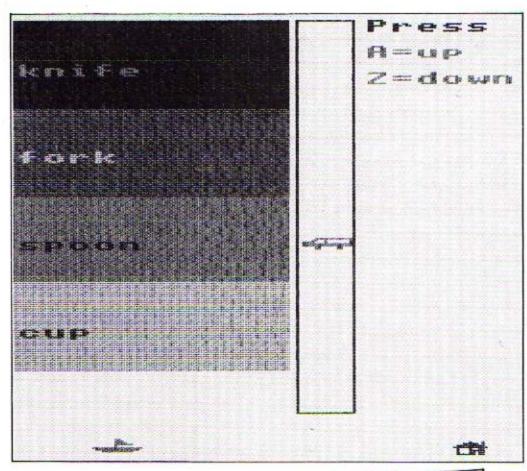
In it you are shown a series of questions, each consisting of four words displayed in

Three of these words are connected in some way and you must try to find the "odd man out".

To make life more difficult you must make your selection before a yacht sails right across the screen.

In case you think this is easy, each question you get right makes the yacht travel a little bit faster.

In order to select the out-of-place word move the lorry using the keys A for up and Z for down until it is next to the word you select. Then press the space bar.



PROCEDURES

PROCinstructions PROCcurof PROCtitle PROCquess PROCa, PROCb, PROCc, PROCd, PROCe, PROCf, PROCG, PROCh, PROCI **PROClose PROCtime**

PROCwin

PROCerror

Gives instructions. Turns cursor off. Prints title graphics. Guess word.

AS

5%

Z%

B%

AA\$

T%

YY%, YZ%

X%, Y%

Print graphics.

Get question wrong. Used for time limits. Get question right. Error reports

VARIABLES

Keyboard input. Coordinates for graphics. Score. Graphics colour. F\$.B\$,C\$,D\$ Words in each question. Number of correct answer. Keyboard input to move graphics characters. Check for previous graphics position. Set time limit.

Full listing starts on Page 58

328 VDU23, 258, 7, 9, 23, 19, 2 DU244,245,4 DVE700,600: PLDT85,0,800: P From Page 57 6,19,1,1 710 ENDPROC LOT85,708,800 10 REM ** Odd Man Out ve 330 VDU23, 251, 224, 144, 232 720 DEFPROCO 1070 SCOL0,3: MOVE0,800: M rsion 2 ++ ,200,88,200,128,128 730 As="Fish": VDU5 DVE780,880: PLOTES, 0,1000: 15 REM (C) Electron User 340 VDU23, 252, 0, 15, 15, 12. 740 GCOLO.ZX:MOVEXI.YX:VD PLDT85,788,1888 28 +FX210.8 12,12,12,12 1988 GCOL8,4: MOVER,288: M U246,247,4 38 MODE 6 358 VDU23,253,0,240,240,4 750 ENDPROC DVE700,200: PLOT85,0,400: P 48 VDU19.8.4.8.8.8 8,48,48,48,48 760 DEFPROCH LOT85,708,400 58 ON ERROR MODE6: PROCES 360 VDU23,254,28,28,12,12 778 As="Bus": VDU5 1898 VDU5: 6COL8.1: ror 788 GCOLO, ZZ: MOVEIZ, YZ: V ,68,124,8,8 1188 MOVE18.988: PRINTF\$ 68 PROCinstructions 378 VDU23, 255, 56, 56, 48, 48 DU248,249,4 1118 GCOL0,4: MOVE18.700: 78 PROCcurof .68.62.0.0 798 ENDPROC PRINTES BE CLS:PRINT "Do you wa 380 REM ** DEFINE ENVELOP 800 DEFPROCI 1128 GCDL8.5: MOVE18.588: nt sound (Y/N) ?" ES ## 810 As="Fido": VDU5 PRINTCS 98 REPEAT: AS=GETS:UNTIL 398 ENVELOPE 3.4.98.-15.-820 GCOLO.ZX: HOVEXX.YX 1138 GCOL0,5: MOVE18,308: A\$="Y" DR A\$="N" 830 VDU250,251,10,8,8,252 15,18,28,28,126,8,8,-126,12 PRINTOS 188 *FX11.1 6,126 ,253,19,8,8,254,255 1148 VDU 5 118 IF AS="N" THEN +FX218 488 ENVELOPE2,1,-7,7,8,18 848 ENDPROC 1150 MOVE 1188,35: VDU248,2 850 DEFPROCtitle .18,8,126,8,8,-126,126,126 41 128 TX=108 860 PROCcurof 418 ENVELOPE1,1,1,0,0,200 1160 IX=0: PROCe 138 PROCcurof . 8, 8, 126, 8, 8, -126, 126, 126 878 CLS: FOR XX=188 TO 188 1178 GCOL0.6: MOVE720.100:D @ STEP 150: ZX=XX/150+1: YX=1 148 REM ** DEFINE CHARACT 420 MODE 2 RAW870,100: DRAW870,1000: DRA 430 PROCcurof ERS ++ 00:PROC::Y%=900:PROC: M728,1888: DRAW728,188 158 VDU23,233,255,255,255 448 PROCtitle 880 PROCcurof 1180 XX=748: YX=150 .255,255,255,255,255 458 AX=8: SX=8: BX=8: CX=8 898 NEXT XZ 1198 TIME=8 160 VDU23,234,0,0,1,15,25 460 #FX11.0 988 PROCcurof 1288 MOVE 988, 1888: PRINT" 5,123,63,31 470 RESTORE 918 VDUS: SCOL 0,3:MOVE38 Press" 178 VDU23, 235, 8, 27, 128, 22 480 PROCQUESS 8.788: PRINT "Odd man out" 1218 SCOLØ, 1: MOVE 988, 948 4,255,118,252,248 498 END 920 GCOL 0.1: MOVE 5.550: : PRINT"A=up" 188 VDU23, 236, 8, 15, 25, 241 500 DEFPROCA PRINT' Steve Lucas 1984' 1228 MOVE988.888: PRINT* Z= .255.255.12.12 518 As="Boat": VDU5: SCOL 938 GCOL 8.6: MOVE 188.40 198 VDU23,237,8,255,1,1,2 0.27 0:PRINT"for Electron User" 1238 REPEAT: AA\$=INKEY\$(8) 520 MOVEXX, YX: VDU234, 235 55,255,24,24 948 GCOL 8,2: MOVE 5,388: 1248 YYX=Y% :YZX=YX: SCOLE 288 VDU23, 238, 130, 195, 193 PRINT*Press (space bar) to ,255,255,1,3,3 530 ENDPROC start." 1258 IF AA\$="A" AND Y%) 38 218 VDU23,239,8,8,128,248 540 DEFPROCE 958 VDU 5 B THEN YX=YX+195 ELSE IF AA ,255,199,128,8 558 As="Van": VDU5 968 PROCcurof \$="A" THEN YZ=YX+160 228 VDU23, 248, 8, 3, 15, 31, 8 560 GCOLO, ZZ: MOVEXZ, YZ: V 978 REPEAT UNTIL GET=32 : 1268 IF YX>895 THEN YX=895 DU236,237,4 CLS: ENDPROC 1278 IF AA\$="I" THEN YX=YX 238 VDU23, 241, 136, 232, 248 988 REM ** turn off curso 570 ENDPROC -195: IF YX (268 THEN YX=188 ,252,152,248,216,216 580 DEFPROCC r ... for Electron and BBC 1288 IFYX<158 THENYX=158 E 248 VDU23,242,1,1,1,1,1,2 598 As="Plane": VDU 5 with 0.5. 1.2 ** LSEIFYX>970THENYX=970 55, 127, 31 6008COL0, IZ: MOVEXX, YX: V 990 DEFPROCcurof 1298 IFYYX ()YX THEN BCOLD. 258 VDU23, 243, 128, 192, 224 DU238,239,4 1000 VDU23,1,0:0:0:0:0::ENDP 8: VDU8, 8, 233, 233: GCOL8, 1 ,248,8,255,254,248 618 ENDPROC ROC 1300 MOVEXX, Y2: VDU236, 237 268 VDU23, 244, 8, 28, 8, 15, 1 1818 DEFPROCQUESS 620 DEFPROCE 1310 IF TIME>TX THEN TIME= 8,9,28,28 638 As="House": VDU5: GCDL0 1928 REPEAT 8: PROCEOVE 278 VDU23, 245, 48, 12, 12, 25 , ZX: MOVEXX, YX: VDU248, 241.4: 1038 CLS: A1=RND(28):FORX= 1328 UNTIL INKEY (-74) OR 1 0.59,72,156,28 ITOAX: READAS, B\$,C\$,E\$,F:NEX ENDPROC 288 VDU23, 246, 32, 112, 121, 640 DEFPROCE T: REPEAT 1330 IF 12>1000 THEN PROCE 127,63,125,128,32 1848 READ F\$. B\$, C\$, D\$, BX: 1 658 As="Yacht" iae :60T01378 668 VDUS: GCOL8.1: MOVEIX 298 VDU23, 247, 8, 128, 252, 2 F FS="X"THEN RESTORE: GOTO 1348 AX=8: IF YX>808 THEN A 46,255,255,238,128 ,48 X=1 ELSE 1FYX>600 THEN AX=2 300 VDU23, 248, 255, 144, 255 679 VDU242,243: ENDPROC 1858 SCOL8.1: MOVER.488 :M ELSE IFYX>400 THEN AX=3 EL ,255,255,56,124,56 **688 DEFPROC**4 OVE788,488: PLOTES, 8,608: P SE IFYX>200 THENAX=4 318 VDU23,249,255,9,255,2 698 As="Bike": VDU5 LOT85,700,600 1358 IF AZ=BZ THEN PROCWIN

788 GCOL8, ZX: MOVEXI, YX: V

1868 GCOL8,2: MOVER,688: M

:GOT01378

54,255,28,62,28

1360 PROClose 1370 UNTIL FALSE 1380 DEFPROCROVE 1390 MOVE 12.40: GCDL0.0: VDU 233.233 1400 1%=1%+40:GCOL0.1:PROC e : MOVE870. YZ: SOUND1.3, 100. 18 1410 ENDPROC 1420 REM ** set the questi ons ## 1430 REM ** add extra ques tions here if required ** 1440 DATA pen, pencil, chalk ,window.4 1450 DATA cod, herring, toad .salmon.3 1468 DATA box.tin.room.pac ket.3 1478 DATA rake, plane, kite. helicopter.1 1480 DATA cheese, chalk, egg s.milk.2 1498 DATA boat , yacht , bus, s hip.3 1588 DATA glove, hat, helaet .hood.1 1518 DATA knife, fork, spoon .cup.4 1528 DATA pillow, sheet, war drobe, blanket, 3 1538 DATA kitchen, bathroom ,lounge, shed, 4 1540 DATA boot, head, arm, le 9.1 1550 DATA book, jug. magazin e.newspaper.2 1560 DATA car, bicycle, lorr y, van, 2 1570 DATA oak, oar, ash, elm. 1580 DATA sparrow, thrush, b at, magpie. 3 1598 DATA hutch, rabbit, ken nel.stable.2 1600 DATA pipe, tap, tank, sl ide.4 1618 DATA duck, egg, hen, ost rich.2 1620 DATA swim, paddle, bath ,build,4 1630 DATA bag, loaf, briefca se, suitcase, 2 1648 DATA coat, scarf, glove 5. Swiesuit, 4 1650 DATA fry, roast, grill,

eat.4

1668 DATA orange, lemon, tan gerine, red. 4 1678 DATA doctor brother,s ister.father.1 1688 DATA port, airport, sta tion,plank,4 1698 DATA rake, spade, shove 1.paint.4 1788 DATA spap.oil.water.v inegar.1 1718 DATA pint, callon, poun d.litre.3 1728 DATA lion, snake, tiger .leopard.2 1738 DATA nine, four three. pounds, 4 1748 DATA leaf, branch, loaf .trunk.3 1758 DATA jupiter, saturn, a ars, soon, 4 1768 DATA board.bench.stop 1.chair.1 1778 DATA wheel , chair , chai n, handlebar, 2 1788 DATA boat, lake, sea, oc pan.1 1798 DATA boat helicopter. jet,plane.1 1800 DATA cup, glass, goblet .box.4 1818 DATA circle, square, ch air, triangle, 3 1828 DATA calf, cow, cat, bul 1.3 1838 DATA France, Germany, B elgius, China, 4 1848 DATA tulip, tree, daffo dil,rose,2 1858 DATA letter,post,stam p.hand.4 1868 DATA lake,pond,sea,sa 1878 DATA lamp, switch, torc h.headlight.2 1888 DATA slow, fast, quick, help.4 1898 DATA oar, sail, swim, he 14.3 1988 DATA fir.oak.tulip.la rch.3 1918 DATA gas.oil,coal,pip p.4 1928 DATA USA, Canada, Mexic o.Cheshire.4 1938 DATA yellow.pen.green

,blue,2

1948 DATA man, sailor, pilot

.driver.1 1958 REM *** add extra dat a items here *** 1968 DATA X.X.X.X.1 1970 DEFPROCtine 1980 CLS: VDU5: 6COL0.2 1990 MOVE 5,1888: PRINT"YO u ran out of time": TX=TX+18 2000 PROCcurof 2010 GCDL 0.5: MOVE 50.50: PRINT*Press (Space Bar)* 2020 PRDCcurof 2030 +FX15.0 2040 ZX=8:YX=500:FOR XX=1 TO 1200 STEP 200: ZX=ZX+1:PR OCc : NEXT : SOUND1, 2, 136,50 2050 PROCcurof 2060 REPEAT UNTIL GET=32 2070 CLS: ENDPROC 2080 DEFPROCWIN 2098 +FX15.0 2100 CL5: 2%=0 2110 VDU 5: FOR XX=1 TO 12 00 STEP 200: ZX=ZX+1: YX=1000 : PROCi 2120 Y%=100: PROCi 2130 NEXT 2140 GCOL 0.5 2150 MOVE 250.750 2168 PRINT" You win !!!" 2178 SOUND 1.1.8.48 2188 GCOL 0.6 2198 MOVE 10.278 :PRINT"Pr ess (Space Bar)* 2200 REPEAT UNTIL GET=32 2210 TX=TX-18: IF TX(10 TH EN TX=10 2220 CLS: ENDPROC 2230 DEFPROCLOSE 2240 VDU4 2250 PROCcurof 2260 *FX15.8 2278 CLS: COLOUR1: PRINT*YOU LOSE !!! 2288 COLOUR 2: PRINT "F\$ 2298 COLOUR 3: PRINT 'B\$ 2300 COLOUR 5: PRINT 'CS 2310 COLOUR 6: PRINT 'D\$ 2320 COLOUR 5: IF BZ=1 THEN X\$=F\$ ELSE IF BX=2 THEN X\$ =B\$ ELSE IF BX=3 THEN XS=C\$ ELSE IF BX=4 THEN X\$=D\$ 2330 COLOUR 7:PRINT ... The odd one out is " "X\$" 2340 COLOUR 2 2350 PRINT*Press (Space Ba r)*:PROCcurof



2360 SDUND1.2.130.50 2378 REPEAT UNTIL SET=32 2380 TX=TX+10:CLS:ENDPROC 2390 DEFPROCERror 2400 PRINT" :: REPORT: PRI NT" at line ": ERL 2418 REM ** turn off keybo and repeat ** 2429 #FX12.8 2430 END 2440 DEFPROCinstructions 2450 PROCcurof 2458 CLS:PRINT TAB(14,1):* DDD MAN DUT" 2478 PRINT ... Steve Luc 25 for Electron User" 2480 PRINT "In this game you will be shown a series of questions. Each question consists of four words and you must try ": 2498 PRINT to find the Od d Man Out' before the yach t reaches the right hand si de of the screen." 2500 PRINT You aust then move your larry until it i s next to the word you want to select and press (RETU RN). * 2518 PRINT*Use the followi ng keys :-" 2528 PRINT "A = up" 2538 PRINT* Z = down" 2548 PRINT "If you get it right, the yacht moves aster !" 2550 PRINT Press the (Spa ce Bar) to start the came": 2568 REPEAT UNTIL GET =32 2570 ENDPROC

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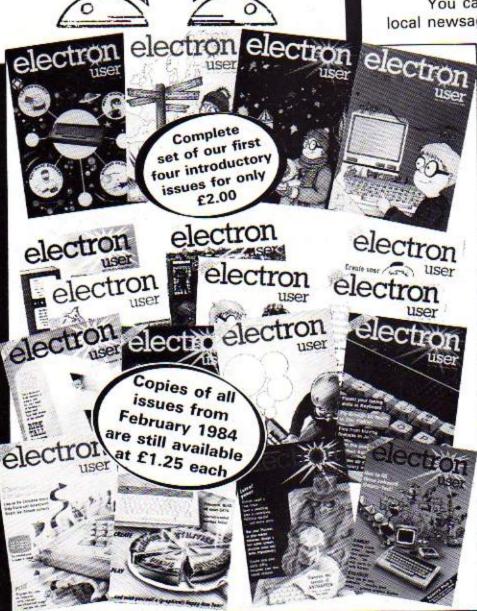
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ELECTRON JOYSTICK INTERFACE

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